# **SS3302: PROFESSIONAL INTERNSHIP IN** APPLIED CRIMINOLOGY AND SOCIOLOGY

**Effective Term** Semester A 2022/23

## Part I Course Overview

**Course Title** Professional Internship in Applied Criminology and Sociology

Subject Code SS - Social and Behavioural Sciences **Course Number** 3302

Academic Unit Social and Behavioural Sciences (SS)

College/School College of Liberal Arts and Social Sciences (CH)

**Course Duration** Non-standard Duration

**Other Course Duration** 

6 - 8 weeks

**Credit Units** 

3

Level B1, B2, B3, B4 - Bachelor's Degree

**Medium of Instruction** English

Medium of Assessment English

Prerequisites SS2029 Basic Sociology or SS2030 Introduction to Criminology SS3300 Criminology

Precursors Nil

**Equivalent Courses** SS3426 Professional Internship in Applied Criminology

**Exclusive Courses** 

Nil

## Part II Course Details

## Abstract

The internship is designed to provide students with an opportunity to integrate criminological and sociological knowledge with the practical experience in local and/or international contexts for a period of time. Students are expected to gain indepth and practical understanding of private or public responses to social problems, to learn principles and strategies in service provision or policy making and to apply criminological and sociological knowledge in research, social enterprise, crime prevention related sectors or conflict resolution practices.

## Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)

	CILOs	Weighting (if app.)	DEC-A1	DEC-A2	DEC-A3
1	Identify core values, procedures of operation, and work difficulties of the internship agency.	20	x		
2	Evaluate their own work experience in a reflexive manner, with reference to criminological and sociological theories and practices.	20		х	
3	Apply criminological and sociological knowledge to analyse functions and impacts of services provided by the internship agency.	20		X	
4	Detect self-discipline and show reflexivity with due concerns for professional and research ethics in applied and collaborative settings.	20		X	
5	Devise ideas and formulate procedures based on criminological and sociological theories and field experiences, and construct them effectively in written, oral or in other forms.	20			x

## A1: Attitude

Develop an attitude of discovery/innovation/creativity, as demonstrated by students possessing a strong sense of curiosity, asking questions actively, challenging assumptions or engaging in inquiry together with teachers.

## A2: Ability

Develop the ability/skill needed to discover/innovate/create, as demonstrated by students possessing critical thinking skills to assess ideas, acquiring research skills, synthesizing knowledge across disciplines or applying academic knowledge to real-life problems.

## A3: Accomplishments

Demonstrate accomplishment of discovery/innovation/creativity through producing /constructing creative works/new artefacts, effective solutions to real-life problems or new processes.

## Teaching and Learning Activities (TLAs)

	TLAs	Brief Description	CILO No.	Hours/week (if applicable)
1	TLA1: Literature search and review	Discovery and analysis of information, using critical reasoning, from a range of sources, e.g. company reports, operation instructions, books, articles, television, internet, documentaries, and the mass media. Students need to read assigned readings include topics such as business and professional ethics, interpersonal communication skills, and criminological and sociological practices in different settings.	1, 2	
2	TLA2: Full-time internship	Provide students with real life working experience in local and/or international contexts for a period of at least five weeks. Students can gain in-depth and practical understanding of private or public sector operations and the professional contexts to apply theories and skills learned in the formal curriculum.		
3	TLA3: Supervision Session	Either the academic supervisor or the on- site supervisor will meet student interns weekly to review their performance and to discuss future internship plan. Student interns need to submit weekly log to the supervisor before the meeting.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	

4	TLA4: Writing up the	Students need to	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	
	Final Report	consolidate their		
	-	experience and learning		
		through written		
		presentation. This piece		
		of written report is an		
		overall reflection on		
		work experience in the		
		internship agency, linking		
		theories with practices,		
		should be written in		
		a concise and precise		
		manner.		

## Assessment Tasks / Activities (ATs)

	ATs	CILO No.	Weighting (%)	Remarks (e.g. Parameter for GenAI use)
1	AT1: 3-minute video	1, 2	10	
2	AT2: Weekly log	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	15	
3	AT3: Evaluation from internship on-site supervisor	3, 4, 5	25	
4	AT4: Written final report	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	50	

## Continuous Assessment (%)

100

## Examination (%)

0

## Assessment Rubrics (AR)

## Assessment Task

1. 3-minute video

**Criterion** Ability to make reflection and formulate plan for action

Excellent (A+, A, A-) Outstanding

## Good (B+, B, B-) High

Fair (C+, C, C-) Moderate

Marginal (D) Basic

Failure (F) Not reaching marginallevels

### Assessment Task

2. Weekly log

## Criterion

Ability to make reflection and formulate plan for action

Excellent (A+, A, A-) Outstanding

Good (B+, B, B-) High

Fair (C+, C, C-) Moderate

Marginal (D) Basic

Failure (F) Not reaching marginallevels

## Assessment Task

3. Evaluation from internship on-site supervisor

## Criterion

Supervisor measures student's ability to apply practical knowledge and skills in finishing tasks assigned to them and evaluate student's leadership and/or interpersonal skillsthrough team work

Excellent (A+, A, A-)

Outstanding

Good (B+, B, B-) High

Fair (C+, C, C-) Moderate

Marginal (D) Basic

**Failure (F)** Not reaching marginallevels

## Assessment Task

4. Written final report

### Criterion

Ability to conduct integrated self-evaluation and present arguments and findings in a coherent manner

Excellent (A+, A, A-) Outstanding **Good** (B+, B, B-) High

Fair (C+, C, C-) Moderate

Marginal (D) Basic

**Failure (F)** Not reaching marginallevels

## Part III Other Information

## **Keyword Syllabus**

Understanding common causes of social problems in local and global contexts.

Criminological and sociological theories in social development and changes.

Personal, family and societal factors on emerging and resolving social issues.

Crime and conflicts. Ways for resolving disputes and mending interpersonal relationships. Conflict resolution and mediation.

Community safety, situational crime prevention and security practices. Responses to fear of crimes and discrimination. Informal justice and formal justice. Retributive justice and restorative justice. Early intervention and prevention tactics. Harm reduction strategies.

Marketing and social research.

Operation procedures, service impacts, and effectiveness of preventive and treatment programmes.

## **Reading List**

#### **Compulsory Readings**

	Title
1	Wolcott, H. F. (2005). The art of fieldwork (2nd ed.). Walnut Creek, CA: Altamira Press.

#### Additional Readings

	Title
1	Geldard, K. (2009). Practical interventions for young people at risk. London: Sage.
2	Haldar, U. K. (2010). Leadership and team building. New York: Oxford University Press.
3	Leon-Guerrero, A. (2011). Social problems: Community, policy, and social action (3rd ed.). Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.
4	Macintyre, C., & Deponio, P. (2003). Identifying and supporting children with specific learning difficulties: Looking beyond the label to assess the whole child. London: Routledge Falmer.
5	Neuman, W. L. (2014). Social research methods: Qualitative and quantitative approaches (8th ed.). Harlow: Pearson Education, Limited.
6	Robinson, A. (2014). Foundations for youth justice: Positive approaches to practice. Bristol: Policy Press.
7	Rubington, E. & Weinberg, M. S. (2011). The study of social problems: Seven perspectives (7th ed.). New York: Oxford University Press.
8	Santrock, J. W. (2013). Life-span development (14th ed.). Boston, MA: McGraw-Hill.
9	Sherman, L. W., Farrington, D. P., Welsh, B. C. & MacKenzie, D. L. (eds.) (2002). Evidence-based crime prevention. New York: Routledge.

10 Thompson, W. E. & Bynum, J. E. (2010). Juvenile delinquency: A sociological approach (7th ed.). Boston, MA: Pearson Allyn and Bacon.