# LT3322: READING BILINGUAL LITERATURE

#### **Effective Term**

Semester A 2022/23

# Part I Course Overview

#### **Course Title**

Reading Bilingual Literature

# **Subject Code**

LT - Linguistics and Translation

#### **Course Number**

3322

## **Academic Unit**

Linguistics and Translation (LT)

## College/School

College of Liberal Arts and Social Sciences (CH)

## **Course Duration**

One Semester

#### **Credit Units**

3

#### Level

B1, B2, B3, B4 - Bachelor's Degree

## **Medium of Instruction**

Other Languages

## Other Languages for Medium of Instruction

English / Chinese

# Medium of Assessment

Other Languages

## Other Languages for Medium of Assessment

English / Chinese

## **Prerequisites**

Nil

#### **Precursors**

Nil

## **Equivalent Courses**

CTL3322 Reading Bilingual Literature

#### **Exclusive Courses**

Nil

# Part II Course Details

#### **Abstract**

This course aims to empower students to critically study selected writings by authors famous and anonymous published bilingually on a range of identical topics, and to discover the ways in which the discourse features of such literature may inform the practice of translation. The emphasis is on the development of a more flexible attitude towards the role of the translator as a bilingual writer.

## **Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)**

	CILOs	Weighting (if app.)	DEC-A1	DEC-A2	DEC-A3
1	Analyze the different discourse strategies in Chinese and English as manifested in the bilingual text pairs.		x	X	X
2	Compare these strategies vis-à-vis the strategies of the translator.		X	X	X
3	Describe and explain the stylistic differences between a bilingual text pair.		X	X	X
4	Achieve a critical bilingual reading habit.		X	X	X

#### A1: Attitude

Develop an attitude of discovery/innovation/creativity, as demonstrated by students possessing a strong sense of curiosity, asking questions actively, challenging assumptions or engaging in inquiry together with teachers.

#### A2: Ability

Develop the ability/skill needed to discover/innovate/create, as demonstrated by students possessing critical thinking skills to assess ideas, acquiring research skills, synthesizing knowledge across disciplines or applying academic knowledge to real-life problems.

#### A3: Accomplishments

Demonstrate accomplishment of discovery/innovation/creativity through producing /constructing creative works/new artefacts, effective solutions to real-life problems or new processes.

## **Teaching and Learning Activities (TLAs)**

	TLAs	Brief Description	CILO No.	Hours/week (if applicable)
1		Teacher introduction of the issues involved in the reading of bilingual literature followed by teacher presentation of the first bilingual text pair.	1, 2, 3, 4	
2		Weekly presentation by students in groups of 6 to 7 of the selected bilingual text pairs in the syllabus.	1, 2, 3, 4	
3		Advance posting of presentation outline by presenters on Canvas to invite discussion by all.	1, 2, 3, 4	

4	I .	Teacher-facilitated class discussion following the student presentations.	1, 2, 3, 4	
5	I .	Short in-class-quizzes on weekly topics and post- mortem	1, 2, 3, 4	

## Assessment Tasks / Activities (ATs)

	ATs	CILO No.	Weighting (%)	Remarks (e.g. Parameter for GenAI use)
1	Presentation in class by students of bilingual texts including presentation outline to be posted in advance on Canvas.	1, 2, 3, 4	25	
2	Participation in class discussion and discussion on Canvas.	1, 2, 3, 4	15	
3	Short –in-class quizzes on weekly topics	1, 2, 3, 4	20	
4	Term essay	1, 2, 3, 4	40	Topics and the deadline for the term essay will be given in week 10.

## Continuous Assessment (%)

100

## **Examination (%)**

0

## **Assessment Rubrics (AR)**

## **Assessment Task**

1. Group presentation

## Criterion

Ability to collaborate with team members, present critical ideas clearly and respond intelligently to questions from the floor.

## Excellent (A+, A, A-)

High - Focused, smooth and inspirational presentation

## Good (B+, B, B-)

Significant - Focused and smooth presentation

# Fair (C+, C, C-)

Moderate - Not clearly focused, read-from-script presentation

## Marginal (D)

Basic - Rather unfocused, awkwardly scripted presentation

## Failure (F)

Not even reaching marginal levels – Completely unfocused, nearly incomprehensible presentation

#### Assessment Task

2. Participation in class discussion

#### Criterion

Ability to raise sensible questions or present ideas to further a discussion

## Excellent (A+, A, A-)

High – Frequent and quality contribution

## Good (B+, B, B-)

Significant – Frequent, or occasional quality contribution

#### Fair (C+, C, C-)

Moderate - Occasional contribution

## Marginal (D)

Basic – Some rare contribution

#### Failure (F)

Not even reaching marginal levels - No contribution

#### **Assessment Task**

3. Short in-class quizzes (MC questions)

## Criterion

Ability to digest issues and concepts covered in the course

#### Excellent (A+, A, A-)

High - 75% correct

#### Good (B+, B, B-)

Significant - 65-74% correct

## Fair (C+, C, C-)

Moderate – 50-64% correct

#### Marginal (D)

Basic - 40-49% correct

#### Failure (F)

Not even reaching marginal levels - Less than 40% correct

#### **Assessment Task**

4. Term essay

# Criterion

Ability to apply critical skills taught to tackle one assigned and one self-chosen bilingual text pairs

## Excellent (A+, A, A-)

High - Original application of critical skills learnt and good English

#### Good (B+, B, B-)

Significant - Good application of critical skills learnt

## Fair (C+, C, C-)

Moderate - Not very successful application of critical skills

## Marginal (D)

Basic - Not able to apply critical skills but evidence of basic comprehension of text(s)

#### Failure (F)

Not even reaching marginal levels - Not able to apply critical skills and not even evidence of basic comprehension of text(s)

# **Part III Other Information**

## **Keyword Syllabus**

Literature with a small 'l'

Effective writing. Close reading. The language of imaginative writing. The language of scripted and unscripted commentary. The language of advertising. The language of journalism. Political discourse.

## Bilingual literature and translation

Skopos. Functional translation. The issue of equivalence. The "invisibility" of the translator. The politics of language and translation. The bilingual author. The professional (bilingual?) writer. The market for bilingual literature/ translation.

#### The organization of discourse

Metaphor and Metonymy. Ellipsis and Presupposition. Cohesion and Coherence. Receptive reading and critical response. The bilingual writer's license vs the translator's constraints.

## Bilingual literature (excerpts) critical reading

Works by bilingual authors of diverse backgrounds in the Chinese speaking world. English translation of works by Bo Yang and Wu Zhuoliu. Commentarial pieces by bilingual authors published in local newspapers. Advertisements. The Policy Address of the Chief Executive, etc. Readings to be consolidated by lecturer.

## **Reading List**

#### **Compulsory Readings**

	Title
1	Pirozzi, Richard (2003) Critical Reading Critical Thinking: A Contemporary Issues Approach, New York: Longman.
2	Hatim, B. (1997) The Translator as Communicator, London and New York: Routledge.
3	McRae, J. (1992) Literature with a small l, New York: Prentice Hall.

#### **Additional Readings**

	Title
1	Hatim, B. and I. Mason (1990) Discourse and the Translator, London and New York: Longman.
2	Lakoff, G. and M. Johnson (1980) Metaphors we live by, Chicago: University of Chicago Press.
3	Spivak, G. (1993/2000) "The politics of translation", in L. Venuti (ed.) (2000) The Translation Studies Reader, London and New York: Routledge, pp. 297-416.
4	Venuti, L. (1995). The Translator's Invisibility: A History of Translation, London and New York: Routledge.
5	Vermeer, H. J. (1996) A Skopos theory of translation: some arguments for and against, Heidelberg (Germany): Textcontext.