# **CS3391: ADVANCED PROGRAMMING**

#### **Effective Term**

Semester A 2022/23

## Part I Course Overview

#### **Course Title**

Advanced Programming

## **Subject Code**

CS - Computer Science

#### **Course Number**

3391

#### **Academic Unit**

Computer Science (CS)

#### College/School

College of Engineering (EG)

#### **Course Duration**

One Semester

#### **Credit Units**

3

#### Level

B1, B2, B3, B4 - Bachelor's Degree

#### **Medium of Instruction**

English

#### **Medium of Assessment**

English

#### Prerequisites

CS2310 Computer Programming or CS2311 Computer Programming or CS2313 Computer Programming or equivalent

#### **Precursors**

Nil

#### **Equivalent Courses**

Nil

#### **Exclusive Courses**

Nil

## **Part II Course Details**

#### **Abstract**

For many algorithmic problems found in practical systems, the best solutions are usually the elegant combinations of both efficient algorithms and advanced programming techniques. They are the results of some exciting blend of programming, mathematics and problem solving. The course introduces an interesting variety of subjects in programming, algorithms, and discrete mathematics through puzzles and practical problems so that students will have the chance to perform original discovery of new programming challenges and devise new ideas on solving the problems in an innovative way in terms of algorithms and programming techniques. The focus of this course is to help students develop advanced algorithmic and programming skills that are required to solve sophisticated problems in the real world. Due to the practicality of the problems which appear in many collegiate programming contests, we expect that the best students from this course will also be competent to solve competition-style programming problems and may be able to represent City University of Hong Kong at ACM Collegiate Programming contests.

#### **Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)**

	CILOs	Weighting (if app.)	DEC-A1	DEC-A2	DEC-A3
1	Analyze programming problems, create new ideas on constructing algorithms and propose programming techniques for solving the problems.	40			
2	Write computer programs based on the algorithms devised and programming techniques chosen for solving problems.	40	x	X	
3	Write computer programs to solve problems under time pressure.	5		X	
4	Generate new approaches on enhancing team programming and problem solving techniques.	15			х

#### A1: Attitude

Develop an attitude of discovery/innovation/creativity, as demonstrated by students possessing a strong sense of curiosity, asking questions actively, challenging assumptions or engaging in inquiry together with teachers.

#### A2: Ability

Develop the ability/skill needed to discover/innovate/create, as demonstrated by students possessing critical thinking skills to assess ideas, acquiring research skills, synthesizing knowledge across disciplines or applying academic knowledge to real-life problems.

#### A3: Accomplishments

Demonstrate accomplishment of discovery/innovation/creativity through producing /constructing creative works/new artefacts, effective solutions to real-life problems or new processes.

#### **Teaching and Learning Activities (TLAs)**

	TLAs	<b>Brief Description</b>	CILO No.	Hours/week (if applicable)
1		Algorithms and related examples are introduced and studied in lectures.	1	3 hours/week

2	Lab	Students can create	2, 3, 4	8 hours/semester (2 hours
_	Lan	new ideas and invent	<u></u>	for each session and in
		new approaches on		total 4 sessions)
		designing algorithms		total + sessions)
		and computer codes		
		to solve programming		
		problems during the		
		laboratory sessions. In		
		the laboratory sessions,		
		sets of problems are given to students. The students		
		can learn how to analyze		
		the problems and devise		
		strategies with optimal		
		use of resources and time		
		to solve the problems.		
		Based on the algorithms		
		and programming		
		techniques proposed		
		by students or given by		
		instructors, students		
		spend the laboratory		
		sessions to instantiate		
		the algorithms by writing		
		corresponding computer		
		programs.		
		In regular laboratory		
		sessions, students		
		tackle programming		
		problems in teams.		
		Various team formations		
		will be arranged so that		
		students can work with		
		different individuals,		
		so to generate new		
		approaches on enhancing		
		team programming		
		and problem solving		
		techniques.		
3	Assignments	Take-home assignments	2	After Class
		also help students		
		improve their proficiency		
		on various programming		
		techniques.		
1	Ouiz	Studente will compete	3	2 2 throughout the
4	Quiz	Students will compete	J	2-3 throughout the
		with each other and try to		semester
		finish as many problems		
		as possible within a		
		limited period of time.		

#### Assessment Tasks / Activities (ATs)

	ATs	CILO No.		Remarks (e.g. Parameter for GenAI use)
1	Assignments	1, 2	45	
2	Quiz	3, 4		May work individually or in teams

#### Continuous Assessment (%)

60

#### Examination (%)

40

#### **Examination Duration (Hours)**

3

#### **Additional Information for ATs**

For a student to pass the course, at least 30% of the maximum mark for the examination must be obtained.

#### Assessment Rubrics (AR)

#### **Assessment Task**

Assignments

#### Criterion

ABILITY to SOLVE questions using the techniques learned in the lectures

## Excellent (A+, A, A-)

High

#### Good (B+, B, B-)

Significant

#### Fair (C+, C, C-)

Moderate

#### Marginal (D)

Basic

#### Failure (F)

Not even reaching marginal levels

#### **Assessment Task**

Quiz

## Criterion

ABILITY to solve problems under time pressure and group collaboration

## Excellent (A+, A, A-)

High

#### Good (B+, B, B-)

Significant

Fair (C+, C, C-)

Moderate

Marginal (D)

Basic

Failure (F)

Not even reaching marginal levels

#### **Assessment Task**

Examination

#### Criterion

ABILITY to solve problems for different topics under time pressure

Excellent (A+, A, A-)

High

Good (B+, B, B-)

Significant

Fair (C+, C, C-)

Moderate

Marginal (D)

Basic

Failure (F)

Not even reaching marginal levels

## Part III Other Information

## **Keyword Syllabus**

Standard libraries in C and C++; C and C++ input and output processing; Recursion; Dynamic programming; Parsing; Graph algorithms; Strings; Search algorithms; Simulation problems; Spanning trees; Sets; Shortest path; Maximum flow; Computational geometry; Arithmetic, Algebra and number theory; Greedy and enumeration algorithms.

## **Reading List**

## **Compulsory Readings**

	Title
1	Steven S. Skiena and Miguel A. Revilla (2003). Programming Challenges: The Programming Contest Training Manual,
	Springer-Verlag.

### **Additional Readings**

Title		Title
1		Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest, and Clifford Stein. Introduction to Algorithms. McGraw Hill, first or second edition.
2		Steven Halim (2013). Competitive Programming 3. Lulu.