## CS3391: ADVANCED PROGRAMMING

## Effective Term

Semester A 2022/23

## Part I Course Overview

Course Title
Advanced Programming
Subject Code
CS - Computer Science
Course Number
3391
Academic Unit
Computer Science (CS)
College/School
College of Engineering (EG)
Course Duration
One Semester

## Credit Units

3

Level
B1, B2, B3, B4 - Bachelor's Degree
Medium of Instruction
English
Medium of Assessment
English

## Prerequisites

CS2310 Computer Programming or
CS2311 Computer Programming or
CS2313 Computer Programming or equivalent

## Precursors

Nil
Equivalent Courses
Nil

Exclusive Courses
Nil

## Part II Course Details


#### Abstract

For many algorithmic problems found in practical systems, the best solutions are usually the elegant combinations of both efficient algorithms and advanced programming techniques. They are the results of some exciting blend of programming, mathematics and problem solving. The course introduces an interesting variety of subjects in programming, algorithms, and discrete mathematics through puzzles and practical problems so that students will have the chance to perform original discovery of new programming challenges and devise new ideas on solving the problems in an innovative way in terms of algorithms and programming techniques. The focus of this course is to help students develop advanced algorithmic and programming skills that are required to solve sophisticated problems in the real world. Due to the practicality of the problems which appear in many collegiate programming contests, we expect that the best students from this course will also be competent to solve competition-style programming problems and may be able to represent City University of Hong Kong at ACM Collegiate Programming contests.


Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)

|  | CILOs | Weighting (if DEC-A1 app.) |  | DEC-A2 | DEC-A3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Analyze programming problems, create new ideas on constructing algorithms and propose programming techniques for solving the problems. | 40 |  |  |  |
| 2 | Write computer programs based on the algorithms devised and programming techniques chosen for solving problems. | 40 | X | X |  |
| 3 | Write computer programs to solve problems under time pressure. | 5 |  | X |  |
| 4 | Generate new approaches on enhancing team programming and problem solving techniques. | 15 |  |  | X |

A1: Attitude
Develop an attitude of discovery/innovation/creativity, as demonstrated by students possessing a strong sense of curiosity, asking questions actively, challenging assumptions or engaging in inquiry together with teachers.

A2: Ability
Develop the ability/skill needed to discover/innovate/create, as demonstrated by students possessing critical thinking skills to assess ideas, acquiring research skills, synthesizing knowledge across disciplines or applying academic knowledge to real-life problems.

A3: Accomplishments
Demonstrate accomplishment of discovery/innovation/creativity through producing /constructing creative works/new artefacts, effective solutions to real-life problems or new processes.

Teaching and Learning Activities (TLAs)

| TLAs |  | Brief Description | CILO No. | Hours/week (if <br> applicable) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Lecture | Algorithms and related <br> examples are introduced <br> and studied in lectures. | 1 | 3 hours/week |


| 2 | Lab | Students can create new ideas and invent new approaches on designing algorithms and computer codes to solve programming problems during the laboratory sessions. In the laboratory sessions, sets of problems are given to students. The students can learn how to analyze the problems and devise strategies with optimal use of resources and time to solve the problems. Based on the algorithms and programming techniques proposed by students or given by instructors, students spend the laboratory sessions to instantiate the algorithms by writing corresponding computer programs. <br> In regular laboratory sessions, students tackle programming problems in teams. Various team formations will be arranged so that students can work with different individuals, so to generate new approaches on enhancing team programming and problem solving techniques. | 2, 3, 4 | 8 hours/semester (2 hours for each session and in total 4 sessions) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | Assignments | Take-home assignments also help students improve their proficiency on various programming techniques. | 2 | After Class |
| 4 | Quiz | Students will compete with each other and try to finish as many problems as possible within a limited period of time. | 3 | 2-3 throughout the semester |

Assessment Tasks / Activities (ATs)

| ATs |  | CILO No. | Weighting (\%) | Remarks (e.g. Parameter <br> for GenAI use) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Assignments | 1,2 | 45 | May work individually or <br> in teams |
| 2 | Quiz | 3,4 | 15 |  |

Continuous Assessment (\%)
60

## Examination (\%)

40

## Examination Duration (Hours)

3
Additional Information for ATs
For a student to pass the course, at least $30 \%$ of the maximum mark for the examination must be obtained.
Assessment Rubrics (AR)

## Assessment Task

Assignments
Criterion
ABILITY to SOLVE questions using the techniques learned in the lectures
Excellent (A+, A, A-)
High
Good (B+, B, B-)
Significant
Fair (C+, C, C-)
Moderate
Marginal (D)
Basic
Failure (F)
Not even reaching marginal levels

## Assessment Task

Quiz

## Criterion

ABILITY to solve problems under time pressure and group collaboration
Excellent (A+, A, A-)
High
Good (B+, B, B-)
Significant

Fair (C+, C, C-)
Moderate
Marginal (D)
Basic

## Failure (F)

Not even reaching marginal levels

## Assessment Task

Examination

## Criterion

ABILITY to solve problems for different topics under time pressure
Excellent (A+, A, A-)
High
Good (B+, B, B-)
Significant
Fair (C+, C, C-)
Moderate
Marginal (D)
Basic
Failure (F)
Not even reaching marginal levels

## Part III Other Information

## Keyword Syllabus

Standard libraries in C and C++; C and C++ input and output processing; Recursion; Dynamic programming; Parsing; Graph algorithms; Strings; Search algorithms; Simulation problems; Spanning trees; Sets; Shortest path; Maximum flow; Computational geometry; Arithmetic, Algebra and number theory; Greedy and enumeration algorithms.

## Reading List

## Compulsory Readings

| Title |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Steven S. Skiena and Miguel A. Revilla (2003). Programming Challenges: The Programming Contest Training Manual, <br> Springer-Verlag. |

Additional Readings

| Title |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest, and Clifford Stein. Introduction to Algorithms. McGraw <br> Hill, first or second edition. |
| 2 | Steven Halim (2013). Competitive Programming 3. Lulu. |

