City University of Hong Kong Course Syllabus

offered by Department of Economics and Finance with effect from Semester A 2017/18

Part I Course Over	view
Course Title:	Regulatory Economics
Course Code:	EF4481
Course Duration:	1 Semester
Credit Units:	3
Level:	<u>B4</u>
Proposed Area: (for GE courses only)	☐ Arts and Humanities ☐ Study of Societies, Social and Business Organisations ☐ Science and Technology
Medium of Instruction:	English
Medium of Assessment:	English
Prerequisites: (Course Code and Title)	EF3440 Microeconomics for Business Strategy OR EF3442 Intermediate Microeconomics
Precursors: (Course Code and Title)	EF4480 Industrial Organization
Equivalent Courses : (Course Code and Title)	Nil
Exclusive Courses: (Course Code and Title)	Nil

Part II **Course Details**

1. **Abstract**

This course aims to help students understand why some business practices affect competition; how governments regulate the market to safeguard competition, stability and efficiency; and how business strategies should be formulated in dealing with the regulatory environment. Most governments attempt to maintain and regulate a competitive environment in the marketplace or use regulatory measures to achieve economic efficiency and other political objectives.

The course is an introduction to the role of government in markets where competitive equilibria "fail." In this course we go beyond the strategic interaction of firms and concentrate on the interaction between firms and the government in the following settings: a firm as a regulated monopoly; a firm as a participant in a market regulated by the government; and a firm as an agent to provide goods and/or services financed by the government.

This course covers three areas in the economics of regulations: (i) how to regulate the market competition through the application of anti-trust law; (ii) how to regulate the monopolies through the practices of incentive regulation; and (iii) how to reduce systemic risk through financial regulation.

The course also encourages discovery learning, which takes place when students use the knowledge and skills they acquired from the lectures to discover, for themselves, practical solutions to problems on economics of regulations in real-life contexts.

The project presentation and examination will reflect their accomplishment in discovery and innovation.

2. **Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)**

(CILOs state what the student is expected to be able to do at the end of the course according to a given standard of performance.)

No.	CILOs#	Weighting*	Discov	ery-en	riched
		(if applicable)	curricu	lum re	lated
			learnin	g outco	omes
			(please	tick	where
			approp	riate)	
			A1	A2	A3
1.	Identify the basic elements of the competition law;	25%	✓	✓	
	identify the basic elements of risk regulation in the				
	financial market; to motivate discovery based learning;				
	compare and contrast the economic theories to explain				
	the risk regulation and competition law.				
2.	Perform the competition analysis in anti-trust cases.	25%	✓		✓
	Students are encouraged to develop innovative solutions,				
	critical thinking and problem solving skills in the				
	anti-trust cases.				
3.	Apply different regulatory approaches on neutral	25%	✓	✓	✓
	monopolies, such as power companies and water				
	companies; analyse scenarios related to real life issues				
	and comment on the current issues through discovering				
	the underlying concepts and economic theories.				
4.	Develop financial and non-financial performance	25%	✓	✓	√
	measures for regulated industries; and develop systemic				
	risk management performance measures for financial				
	institutions; perform analyses on global issues with the				
	concepts and models. This is important in developing				
	students' abilities and skills to discover and innovate.				
* If we	eighting is assigned to CILOs, they should add up to 100%.	100%			

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Please specify the alignment of CILOs to the Gateway Education Programme Intended Learning outcomes (PILOs) in Section A of Annex.

A1: Attitude

Develop an attitude of discovery/innovation/creativity, as demonstrated by students possessing a strong sense of curiosity, asking questions actively, challenging assumptions or engaging in inquiry together with teachers.

A2: Ability

Develop the ability/skill needed to discover/innovate/create, as demonstrated by students possessing critical thinking skills to assess ideas, acquiring research skills, synthesizing knowledge across disciplines or applying academic knowledge to self-life problems.

A3: Accomplishments

Demonstrate accomplishment of discovery/innovation/creativity through producing /constructing creative works/new artefacts, effective solutions to real-life problems or new processes.

3. Teaching and Learning Activities (TLAs)

(TLAs designed to facilitate students' achievement of the CILOs.)

TLA	Brief Description	CILO No.				Hours/week (if applicable)
		1	2	3	4	(II applicable)
Lectures	Lecturer encourages students to think critically and logically by asking students to respond to questions and getting students to solve the problems by themselves rather than giving away the solutions.	V	V	1	V	3 hours/week
Case Studies discussion in the lectures	MBA case studies will be discussed in the lectures. Students will be encouraged to apply the basic theories of microeconomics and game theories in the discussion.		√	V	V	weeks 10-13; incorporated in lectures
Group Projects	Students will form small groups of 3-5 people and prepare a 10-page report on a case study. Various industries will be discussed and students can choose one industry and study it. Students are required to read the newspapers and apply the theories they learned from the lectures to the real life cases. The analysis should be based on facts, data, logical reasoning and economic principles. Both quantitative analysis and qualitative analysis will be required. Presentation is also an important part in enhancing students' interpretation skills. The Q&A led by the lecturer will help students get a better understanding of their research. Peer evaluation: students will give comments on their team members in terms of their contribution to the group project near the end of semester. This practice avoids free-rider problem.			√		student work

4. Assessment Tasks/Activities (ATs)

(ATs are designed to assess how well the students achieve the CILOs.)

Assessment Tasks/Activities	CILO No.				Weighting*	Remarks	
	1	2	3	4			
Continuous Assessment: 40%	Continuous Assessment: 40%						
Group Projects and Peer	1		1	1	30%		
Evaluation							
Class Participation	1	1			10%	including performance	
						in experiments	
Examination: 60% (duration: 3 hours, if applicable)							
Final Exam	1	1	1	1	60%		
* The weightings should add up to 10	100%						

^{*} The weightings should add up to 100%.

5. Assessment Rubrics

(Grading of student achievements is based on student performance in assessment tasks/activities with the following rubrics.)

Assessment Task	Criterion	Excellent (A+, A, A-)	Good (B+, B, B-)	Fair (C+, C, C-)	Marginal (D)	Failure (F)
Final Examination Group Projects and Peer Evaluation Class Participation	Understand the basics of competition law, and risk, and be able to apply these concepts to various real life cases.	Strong evidence of original thinking; good organization, capacity to analyse and synthesize; superior grasp of subject matter; evidence of extensive	Evidence of grasp of subject, some evidence of critical capacity and analytic ability; reasonable understanding of issues; evidence of familiarity with literature.	Student who is profiting from the university experience; understanding of the subject; ability to develop solutions to simple problems in the material.	Sufficient familiarity with the subject matter to enable the student to progress without repeating the course.	Little evidence of familiarity with the subject matter; weakness in critical and analytic skills; limited or irrelevant use of literature.
		knowledge base.				

Part III Other Information (more details can be provided separately in the teaching plan)

1. Keyword Syllabus

- 1. Introduction to competition law
- 2. Measurement of Market Boundary and Market Collusion
- 3. Merger Control
- 4. Monopolization and Abuse of Dominance
- 5. Introduction to Regulatory Reform
- 6. Theory of Incentive Regulation
- 7. Commitments on Incentive Regulation
- 8. Regulatory Policy Considerations
- 9. Theory and Practices of Financial Regulation
- 10. Common Features of Financial Crisis
- 11. Assessing the Risky Environment
- 12. Financial Regulatory Reform Debate

2. Reading List

2.1 Compulsory Readings

(Compulsory readings can include books, book chapters, or journal/magazine articles. There are also collections of e-books, e-journals available from the CityU Library.)

1.	Hylton N Keith: Anti-trust Law: Economic Theory and Common Law Evolution Cambridge
	University Press 2003. (Hylton)
2.	IMF: "Containing Systemic Risks and Restoring Financial Soundness" Global Financial
	Stability Report April 2008 (IMF)

2.2 Additional Readings

(Additional references for students to learn to expand their knowledge about the subject.)

Online Resources				
1.	Anti-trust Cases can be found from the following link:			
	http://www3.oup-usa.org/sc/0195161181/bytopic.html			