

Synthesis of Emerging Two-Dimensional Materials for Sustainable Energy

The development of emerging materials has advanced energy conversion technologies, particularly in electrochemical systems. I recently pioneered the scalable and controllable synthesis of ultrathin transition metal oxychalcogenides (TMOCs)—a novel family of 2D materials with unique atomic structures, tunable electrical and optical properties, high catalytic activity, and long-term stability. These earth-abundant materials, previously unexplored, are promising candidates for integration into renewable energy systems. Their implementation can not only reduce reliance on scarce and costly noble and rare-earth metals for green energy production but also mitigate the climate impact of grey energy, which is associated with substantial CO₂ emissions. In addition, I have developed other low-dimensional materials—including metal dichalcogenides, boron nitride, and graphene—via chemical vapor deposition (CVD), and engineered their heterostructures for optical and electronic applications. At CityU, I plan to build on these foundations by integrating my expertise with machine learning and robotics to address critical challenges in energy sustainability.

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Speaker

Dr. Wenshuo Xu

Cambridge Graphene Centre
Department of Engineering
University of Cambridge, United Kingdom

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