Chinese Constitution and its Relationship with the Hong Kong Basic Law: A Theoretical Review over Forty Years

The Chinese Constitution, established in 1982, holds the highest legal authority in the People's Republic of China. Conversely, the Hong Kong Basic Law, enacted in 1990, serves as the constitutional framework for the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (HKSAR). This relationship has faced challenges and adaptations, particularly after Hong Kong's return to Chinese sovereignty in 1997.

This seminar explores essential principles, legal interpretations, and constitutional developments. It addresses topics such as the "One Country, Two Systems" framework, the National People's Congress Standing Committee's role, and jurisdictional complexities.

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