City University of Hong Kong Course Syllabus

offered by Department of Public and International Affairs with effect from Semester A 2022/23

Part I Course Overv	riew
Course Title:	BRIC Countries and the Emerging Global Order
Course Code:	PIA5040
Course Duration:	One Semester
Credit Units:	3
Level:	P5
Medium of Instruction:	English
Medium of Assessment:	English
Prerequisites: (Course Code and Title)	Nil
Precursors: (Course Code and Title)	Nil
Equivalent Courses: (Course Code and Title)	AIS5040 BRIC Countries and the Emerging Global Order
Exclusive Courses: (Course Code and Title)	Nil

Part II Course Details

1. Abstract

The course focuses on the political economy of the original BRICs, Brazil, Russia, India, and China, as a means of introducing wider aspects of the global economy today. After an introduction to each of the four, it explores the themes of industry, land and labour, relating these to the various demands upon the state in relation to domestic political economy, and engagement in foreign trade in a competitive world market. Participants will critically review relevant academic literature, write comments on contemporary issues, and write an original analysis of a case beyond the four original BRICs.

2. Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)

(CILOs state what the student is expected to be able to do at the end of the course according to a given standard of performance.)

No.	CILOs	Weighting (if	Discov curricu		
		applicable)	learnin	g outco	mes
			\ <u>_</u>	tick	where
			approp	riate)	
			AI	A2	A3
1.	Analyse and compare the political economies of BRIC	25	√	√	√
	countries, and their relationship to the global economy as a				
	whole				
2.	Assess the significance of emerging economies in the	25	✓	✓	✓
	world market				
3.	Link broad analytical themes to current developments in	25	✓	✓	\checkmark
	the BRICs and beyond				
4.	Apply concepts and issues covered in the course to an	25	√	√	✓
	original case study				
		100%		•	•

A1: Attitude

Develop an attitude of discovery/innovation/creativity, as demonstrated by students possessing a strong sense of curiosity, asking questions actively, challenging assumptions or engaging in inquiry together with teachers.

A2: Ability

Develop the ability/skill needed to discover/innovate/create, as demonstrated by students possessing critical thinking skills to assess ideas, acquiring research skills, synthesizing knowledge across disciplines or applying academic knowledge to self-life problems.

A3: Accomplishments

Demonstrate accomplishment of discovery/innovation/creativity through producing /constructing creative works/new artefacts, effective solutions to real-life problems or new processes.

3.

Teaching and Learning Activities (TLAs) (TLAs designed to facilitate students' achievement of the CILOs.)

TLA	Brief Description	CIL	CILO No.			Hours/week	
		1	2	3	4		(if applicable)
1	Lectures: the instructor will present	√	✓	✓	✓		
	overviews of key cases and issues						
2	Group Discussions: students will	✓	✓	✓	✓		
	analyse weekly readings and discuss						
	their findings						
3	Weekly log: students will write ten	✓	✓	✓	√		
	weekly assignments, five to be						
	reviews of article and five comments						
	on topical issues						
4	Research: students use relevant	√	√	✓	√		
	materials to write a paper as set by the						
	instructor						

4. Assessment Tasks/Activities (ATs)
(ATs are designed to assess how well the students achieve the CILOs.)

Assessment Tasks/Activities	CILO No.					Weighting	Remarks
	1	2	3	4			
Continuous Assessment: 100%							
Performance in case studies	√	√	✓			50	
Term Paper (3,000 words)	✓	✓	✓	√		50	
				1	<u> </u>	100%	

5. Assessment Rubrics

(Grading of student achievements is based on student performance in assessment tasks/activities with the following rubrics.)

Applicable to students admitted in Semester A 2022/23 and thereafter

Assessment Task	Criterion	Excellent	Good	Marginal	Failure
		(A+, A, A-)	(B+, B)	(B-, C+, C)	(F)
1. Performance in	Group presentations on cases:	Excellent structure,	Good structure, content	Average to below	Inadequate structure,
case studies	10%	content and delivery of	and delivery of the group	average structure, content	content and delivery of
	Individual reflective comments	the group presentations	presentations	and delivery of the group	the group presentations
	on case studies: 10%	Highly relevant and	Good quality of	presentations.	Inadequate reflective
		insightful reflective	reflective comments on	Incomplete/marginal	comments on case
		comments on case	case studies	reflective comments on	studies
		studies		case studies	
2. Term paper	To assess the ability to write a	Excellent understanding	Good to very good	Partial understanding of	Failure to demonstrate
(3,000 words)	3,000 words minimum, 5,000	of theories of	understanding of theories	theories of comparative	any understanding of
	words maximum, citing the	comparative political	of comparative political	political, as well as	theories of regime
	required readings and including	economy and late	economy and late	ability to apply concepts	change and continuity, or
	several additional sources	industrialization, as well	industrialization, as well	and to use comparative	any ability to apply
		as ability to apply	as ability to apply	methods. All assessment	concepts and to use
		concepts and to deploy	concepts and to deploy	items are completed, but	comparative methods.
		comparative methods	comparative methods	their quality is marginal.	Attendance is irregular;
		introduced in the course.	introduced in the course.		assessment activities are
		Analysis provided in all	Analysis provided in all		not completed.
		assessment activities is of	assessment activities is of		
		consistently high quality,	consistently good quality,		
		including discussion.	including discussion.		

Applicable to students admitted before Semester A 2022/23

Assessment Task	Criterion	Excellent	Good	Fair	Marginal	Failure
		(A^+, A, A^-)	(B+, B, B-)	(C+, C, C-)	(D)	(F)
1. Performance in	Group presentations on	Excellent structure,	Good structure,	Adequate structure,	Poor structure, content	Inadequate structure,
case studies	cases: 10%	content and	content and	content and delivery	and delivery of the	content and delivery of
	Individual reflective	delivery of the	delivery of the	of the group	group presentations	the group presentations
	comments on case	group presentations	group presentations	presentations	Few and/or marginally	Inadequate reflective
	studies: 10%	Highly relevant and	Good quality of	Adequate reflective	relevant reflective	comments on case
		insightful reflective	reflective	comments on case	comments on case	studies
		comments on case	comments on case	studies	studies	
		studies	studies			

Assessment Task	Criterion	Excellent	Good	Fair	Marginal	Failure
		(A+, A, A-)	(B+, B, B-)	(C+, C, C-)	(D)	(F)
2. Term paper	To assess the ability to	Excellent	Good to very good	Partial understanding	Flawed understanding	Failure to demonstrate
(3,000 words)	write a 3,000 words	understanding of	understanding of	of theories of	of theories of	any understanding of
	minimum, 5,000 words	theories of	theories of	comparative	comparative political	theories of regime
	maximum, citing the	comparative	comparative	political, as well as	economy. Little ability	change and continuity,
	required readings and	political economy	political economy	ability to apply	to apply concepts or to	or any ability to apply
	including several	and late	and late	concepts and to use	use comparative	concepts and to use
	additional sources	industrialization, as	industrialization, as	comparative	methods. Attendance is	comparative methods.
		well as ability to	well as ability to	methods. All	irregular; assessment	Attendance is irregular;
		apply concepts and	apply concepts and	assessment items are	activities are very low	assessment activities
		to deploy	to deploy	completed, but their	quality.	are not completed.
		comparative	comparative	quality is weak.		
		methods introduced	methods introduced			
		in the course.	in the course.			
		Analysis provided	Analysis provided			
		in all assessment	in all assessment			
		activities is of	activities is of			
		consistently high	consistently good			
		quality, including	quality, including			
		discussion.	discussion.			

Part III Other Information (more details can be provided separately in the teaching plan)

1. Keyword Syllabus

(An indication of the key topics of the course.)

Brazil, Russia, China, India, emerging economies, state, trade, world market

2. Reading List

2.1 Compulsory Readings

(Compulsory readings can include books, book chapters, or journal/magazine articles. There are also collections of e-books, e-journals available from the CityU Library.)

Introductory reading:

Karl Marx and Friedrich Engels, Critique of the German Ideology, 1846. Available on line at www.marxists.org.

- Paul Cammack, 'Classical Marxism', forthcoming in Thomas G. Weiss and Rorden Wilkinson, eds, *International Organization and Global Governance*, Routledge, 2013.
- Sarah Babb, 'The Washington Consensus as transnational policy paradigm: its origins, trajectory and likely successor', *Review of International Political Economy*, DOI:10.1080/09692290.2011.640435, 2012.
- OECD, Globalisation and Emerging Economies: Brazil, Russia, India, Indonesia, China and South Africa, Paris, 2008.
- Cornel Ban, 'Brazil's liberal neo-developmentalism: new paradigm or edited orthodoxy?', *Review of International Political Economy*, DOI:10.1080/09692290.2012.660183, 2012.
- Matt Ferchen, 'Whose China Model is it anyway? The contentious search for consensus', *Review of International Political Economy*, DOI:10.1080/09692290.2012.660184, 2012
- Rahul Mukherji, 'Ideas, interests, and the tipping point: Economic change in India', *Review of International Political Economy*, DOI:10.1080/09692290.2012.716371, 2012.
- Peter Rutland, 'Neoliberalism and the Russian transition', *Review of International Political Economy*, DOI:10.1080/09692290.2012.727844, 2012.

2.2 Additional Readings

(Additional references for students to learn to expand their knowledge about the subject.)

Online resources

The following online resources can be used to understand the background and new development in BRIC countries:

ILO

IMF

OECD

World Bank

Financial Times (register!)

Economist