## City University of Hong Kong Course Syllabus

# offered by Department of Media and Communication with effect from Semester A 2017/18

| Part I Course Over                                  | view                                     |
|---|--|
| Course Title:                                       | Public Communication Campaign Management |
| Course Code:  | COM5110                                  |
| Course Duration:                                    | One Semester                             |
| Credit Units:                                       | 3  |
| Level:  | P5                                       |
| Medium of Instruction:                              | English                                  |
| Medium of<br>Assessment:                            | English                                  |
| Prerequisites: (Course Code and Title)              | Nil                                      |
| Precursors: (Course Code and Title)                 | Nil                                      |
| <b>Equivalent Courses</b> : (Course Code and Title) | Nil                                      |
| Exclusive Courses:                                  | Nil                                      |

#### Part II Course Details

#### 1. Abstract

This course aims to develop students' understanding of how new information and communication technologies are likely to affect the quality and impact of communication campaigns at the 21<sup>st</sup> century, in particular in the context of the Greater China region. Students are expected to learn those issues in a historical context, to analyze critically new media campaigns with other traditional campaigns, and to consider international implications of public campaigns.

#### 2. Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)

(CILOs state what the student is expected to be able to do at the end of the course according to a given standard of performance.)

| No. | CILOs   | Weighting (if |              | ery-eni<br>ilum rel |       |
|-----|---|---------------|--------------|---------------------|-------|
|     |   | applicable)   |              | ig outco            |       |
|     |   |               | (please      | tick                | where |
|     |   |               | appropriate) |                     |       |
|     |   |               | A1           | A2                  | A3    |
| 1.  | Analyze how public communication campaigns work in  | 25%           | 1            | 1                   |       |
|     | contemporary society and assess the driving forces behind   |               |              |                     |       |
|     | their operations  |               |              |                     |       |
| 2.  | Apply basic media effects theories to both traditional and digital public communication campaigns | 25%           |              | 1                   |       |
| 3.  | Discover key issues and basic principles of the campaign  | 25%           | 1            |                     |       |
|     | designing process   |               |              |                     |       |
| 4.  | Critically evaluate public communication campaigns  | 25%           | 1            | 1                   | 1     |
|     | through in-depth case study analysis in Western and   |               |              |                     |       |
|     | Chinese societies   |               |              |                     |       |
|     |   | 100%          |              |                     |       |

#### A1: Attitude

Develop an attitude of discovery/innovation/creativity, as demonstrated by students possessing a strong sense of curiosity, asking questions actively, challenging assumptions or engaging in inquiry together with teachers.

#### A2: Ability

Develop the ability/skill needed to discover/innovate/create, as demonstrated by students possessing critical thinking skills to assess ideas, acquiring research skills, synthesizing knowledge across disciplines or applying academic knowledge to self-life problems.

#### A3: Accomplishments

Demonstrate accomplishment of discovery/innovation/creativity through producing /constructing creative works/new artefacts, effective solutions to real-life problems or new processes.

## **3.**

**Teaching and Learning Activities (TLAs)** (TLAs designed to facilitate students' achievement of the CILOs.)

| TLA                           | Brief Description   | CIL | O No. |   |          | Hours/week       |
|-------------------------------|---|-----|-------|---|----------|------------------|
|                               | _   | 1   | 2     | 3 | 4        | (if applicable)  |
| Lectures                      | Lectures: Main concepts, theories, and case studies of  | 1   | 1     | ✓ | <b>✓</b> | 2 (for 12 weeks) |
|                               | public communication campaigns will be presented  |     |       |   |          |                  |
| Video-viewing and discussions | Selected movies, TV drama,<br>documentaries that are relevant to<br>weekly topic  | 1   | 1     | 1 | 1        | 1 (for 4 weeks)  |
| On-line assignments           | Canvas: Online discussion,<br>out-of-class communication<br>between students and the<br>instructor, reviews of lectures and<br>readings |     |       | 1 | 1        | NA               |
| Group<br>discussions          | Small group discussions in class will be conducted to engage students from different disciplines in deliberation and debates.           |     |       | 1 | 1        | 1 (for 8 weeks)  |

## 4. Assessment Tasks/Activities (ATs)

(ATs are designed to assess how well the students achieve the CILOs.)

| Assessment Tasks/Activities CILO No. |                 |   | Weighting | Remarks |      |  |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|---|-----------|---------|------|--|
|                                      | 1               | 2 | 3         | 4       |      |  |
| Continuous Assessment: 100%          |                 |   |           |         |      |  |
| Class participation:                 | 1               | 1 | 1         | 1       | 20%  |  |
| Assessment will be based on          |                 |   |           |         |      |  |
| students' participation in the       |                 |   |           |         |      |  |
| lectures and interaction with the    |                 |   |           |         |      |  |
| instructor                           |                 |   |           |         |      |  |
| Debate/Group presentation:           |                 | 1 | /         | 1       | 50%  |  |
| Assessment will be based on          |                 |   |           |         |      |  |
| the extent to which students         |                 |   |           |         |      |  |
| apply major concepts and             |                 |   |           |         |      |  |
| generate new ideas to selected       |                 |   |           |         |      |  |
| public communication                 |                 |   |           |         |      |  |
| campaigns                            |                 |   |           |         |      |  |
| Quiz: A two-hour quiz will be        | 1               | 1 | 1         | 1       | 30%  |  |
| conducted to assess the extent       |                 |   |           |         |      |  |
| to which the student describes       |                 |   |           |         |      |  |
| knowledge correctly and in           |                 |   |           |         |      |  |
| integrative ways                     |                 |   |           |         |      |  |
| Examination: NA                      | Examination: NA |   |           |         |      |  |
|                                      |                 |   |           |         | 100% |  |

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#### 5. Assessment Rubrics

(Grading of student achievements is based on student performance in assessment tasks/activities with the following rubrics.)

| Assessment Task              | Criterion   | Excellent   | Good        | Fair        | Marginal | Failure                           |
|------------------------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|----------|-----------------------------------|
|                              |   | (A+, A, A-) | (B+, B, B-) | (C+, C, C-) | (D)      | (F)                               |
| 1. Class participation       | Students' participation in the lectures and interaction with the instructor   | High        | Significant | Moderate    | Basic    | Not even reaching marginal levels |
| 2. Debate/Group presentation | The extent to which the students apply major concepts and generate new ideas to selected public communication campaigns | High        | Significant | Moderate    | Basic    | Not even reaching marginal levels |
| 3. Quiz                      | The extent to which the student describes knowledge correctly and in integrative ways                                   | High        | Significant | Moderate    | Basic    | Not even reaching marginal levels |

## Part III Other Information (more details can be provided separately in the teaching plan)

#### 1. Keyword Syllabus

(An indication of the key topics of the course.)

Public communication campaigns; media effects; new communication technologies; political campaigns; health campaigns; cyber-campaigns; cyber-advocacy; social and psychological effects of information processing; audience analysis; campaign evaluation; public service announcements; entertainment education.

## 2. Reading List

#### 2.1 Compulsory Readings

(Compulsory readings can include books, book chapters, or journal/magazine articles. There are also collections of e-books, e-journals available from the CityU Library.)

| 1. | Rice, Ronald A. & Atkin, Charles K. (2001). <i>Public Communication Campaigns</i> . Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage. |
|----|--|
| 2. | Klotz, Robert J. (2004). The Politics of Internet Communication. Lanham, MD: Rowman &                        |
|    | Littlefield.   |

## 2.2 Additional Readings

(Additional references for students to learn to expand their knowledge about the subject.)

| 1.  | Barban, A.M., Cristol, S.M., & F.J. Kopec (1993). Essentials of media planning: a marketing  |
|-----|--|
|     | viewpoint. Lincolnwood, IL: NTC Business Books.  |
| 2.  | Basil, M., Schooler, C., & Reeves, B. (1991). Positive and negative political advertising:   |
|     | Effectiveness of ads and perceptions of candidates, pp.245-262.                              |
| 3.  | Benoit, W.L. (1998). A functional analysis of political advertising across media, 1998.      |
|     | Communication Studies, 51(3): 274-295.   |
| 4.  | Dutton, W.H. & Lin, WY. (2002). E-democracy: A case study of Web-orchestrated                |
|     | cyberadvocacy. In J. Armitage & J. Roberts (Eds.), Living with cyberspace: technology &      |
|     | society in the 21st century, pp.98-108.  |
| 5.  | Lau, R.R., Sigelman, L., Heldman, C. & Babbitt, P. (1999). The effects of negative political |
|     | advertisements: A meta-analytical assessment. The American Political Science Review, 93(4):  |
|     | 851-875.   |
| 6.  | Pfau, M. & Parrott, R. (1993). Persuasive Communication Campaigns. Boston: Allyn &           |
|     | Bacon.   |
| 7.  | Scott, D. M. (2007). The New Rules of Marketing and PR. Hoboken, N.J.: John Wiley & Sons.    |
| 8.  | Singhal, A., Cody, M.J., Rogers, E.M., & Sabido, M. (2004). Entertainment-Education          |
|     | Worldwide: History, Research, and Practice. Mahwah, New Jersey: Lawrence Erlbaum             |
|     | Associates.  |
| 9.  | 彭芸 (1992)。政治廣告與選舉。台北:正中書局。   |
| 10. | 鄭自隆 (1998)。競選文宣策略 — 廣告、傳播與政治行銷。台北:遠流出版社。   |
| 11. | 張永誠 (1991)。選戰行銷 — 如何在競爭中獲勝。台北:遠流出版社。   |
| 12. | 何明修 (2005)。社會運動概論。台北:三民書局。   |