City University of Hong Kong Course Syllabus

offered by Department of Asian and International Studies with effect from Semester A 2017/18

Part I Course Overv	iew
Course Title:	Special Topics in Development Studies
Course Code:	AIS5014
Course Duration:	One semester
Credit Units:	3
Level:	P5
Medium of Instruction:	English
Medium of Assessment:	English
Prerequisites: (Course Code and Title)	Nil
Precursors: (Course Code and Title)	Nil
Equivalent Courses : (Course Code and Title)	Nil
Exclusive Courses: (Course Code and Title)	Nil

Part II Course Details

1. Abstract

Infrastructure is one of the key drivers for economic development in China. Despite its strategic role and economic values, many infrastructure sectors are state owned or state controlled. With a view to enhance its efficiency and financial viability, the Chinese government had initiated a series of marketization reform resulting in different intended and unintended outcomes. This course offers theoretical and empirical explanations on the constraints and solutions to marketize and develop infrastructure sectors in China. The network characteristics of various infrastructure sector, and its implications on the choice of reform will be discussed. Examples in other countries will also be used for illustration. Students will be provided with the necessary theoretical and empirical background for critical analysis, and are encouraged to reflect upon orthodox wisdom on privatization of different infrastructure sectors in China, Hong Kong and other countries.

2. Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)

(CILOs state what the student is expected to be able to do at the end of the course according to a given standard of performance.)

No.	CILOs	Weighting	Discov	ery-enr	riched
		(if	curricu	ılum rel	lated
		applicable)	learnin	g outco	omes
			(please	e tick	where
			approp	riate)	
			A1	A2	A3
1.	Identify the theoretical and empirical complexities of				
	infrastructure development				
2.	Explain the role and constraints of the state in				
	infrastructure development				
3.	Understand and criticize the key contemporary issues				$\sqrt{}$
	in infrastructure development in China				
4.	Develop research and analytical skills in the study of		V		$\sqrt{}$
	infrastructure development				
	1			<u> </u>	<u> </u>
		100%			
		10070			

A1: Attitude

Develop an attitude of discovery/innovation/creativity, as demonstrated by students possessing a strong sense of curiosity, asking questions actively, challenging assumptions or engaging in inquiry together with teachers.

A2: Ability

Develop the ability/skill needed to discover/innovate/create, as demonstrated by students possessing critical thinking skills to assess ideas, acquiring research skills, synthesizing knowledge across disciplines or applying academic knowledge to self-life problems.

A3: Accomplishments

Demonstrate accomplishment of discovery/innovation/creativity through producing /constructing creative works/new artefacts, effective solutions to real-life problems or new processes.

Teaching and Learning Activities (TLAs) (TLAs designed to facilitate students' achievement of the CILOs.)

TLA	Brief Description			1		Hours/week (if applicable)
		1	2	3	4	
1	Lectures: the instructor will					
	present concepts, theories and					
	case studies on infrastructure					
	development in China and					
	other countries					
2	Class discussions: Students					
	shall actively participate in					
	class discussion to enhance					
	the understanding of various					
	concepts and case studies					
3	Group presentations: Students					
	will work in groups to present					
	research topic and lead class					
	discussions					
4	Research: students will write					
	up an evidence based term					
	paper based on their oral					
	presentations and feedbacks					

Assessment Tasks/Activities (ATs)

(ATs are designed to assess how well the students achieve the CILOs.)

Assessment Tasks/Activities	CILO No.				Weighting	Remarks				
	1	2	3	4						
Continuous Assessment: 100 %	Continuous Assessment: 100 %									
Attendance and					20					
Participation										
Presentation					25					
Term paper (4,000 words)			$\sqrt{}$		55					
Examination: Nil % (duration: N/A , if applicable)										
					1000/	<u> </u>				

100%

5. Assessment Rubrics

(Grading of student achievements is based on student performance in assessment tasks/activities with the following rubrics.)

Assessment Task	Criterion	Excellent (A+, A, A-)	Good (B+, B, B-)	Fair (C+, C, C-)	Marginal (D)	Failure (F)
Attendance and Class Discussion	Active participation in class discussion	 Superior understanding of a major issue or problem of infrastructure development 	Good understanding of a major issue or problem of infrastructure development	Sufficient understanding of a major issue or problem of infrastructure development	 Some knowledge of a major issue or problem of infrastructure development 	 Little evidence of knowledge of a major issue or problem of infrastructure development
		 Clear ability of independent thinking and critical analysis 	 Evidence of some good Clear ability of independent thinking and critical analysis 	 Some attempts at analytical thinking 	 Little evidence of analysis of relevant concepts 	
2. Presentation	Group presentation	 Superior understanding of a major issue or problem of infrastructure development 	 Good understanding of a major issue or problem of infrastructure development 	 Sufficient understanding of a major issue or problem of infrastructure development 	 Some knowledge of a major issue or problem of infrastructure development 	 Little evidence of knowledge of a major issue or problem of infrastructure development
		 Clear ability of independent thinking and critical analysis 	 Evidence of some good Clear ability of independent thinking and critical analysis 	 Some attempts at analytical thinking 	 Little evidence of analysis of relevant concepts 	 No scholarly materials consulted
		 Extensive range of references consulted, including good 	 A reasonably wide range of references consulted, 	 Barely sufficient use of scholarly materials 	 Very limited use of scholarly materials 	 Poor quality structure and presentation

		use of scholarly materials to support all key arguments made Very well organized; coherent arguments presented with a high standard of expression	including good use of Scholarly materials to support all key arguments made Well organized; coherent arguments presented with a high standard of expression	 Reasonable standard of expression; average quality in terms of organization and coherence 	 Acceptable organization of a mostly descriptive essay 	
3. Term paper (4,000 words)	Individual term paper	 Superior understanding of a major issue or problem of infrastructure development Clear ability of independent thinking and critical analysis 	 Good understanding of a major issue or problem of infrastructure development Evidence of some good Clear ability of independent thinking and 	 Sufficient understanding of a major issue or problem of infrastructure development Some attempts at analytical thinking 	 Some knowledge of a major issue or problem of infrastructure development Little evidence of analysis of relevant concepts 	 Little evidence of knowledge of a major issue or problem of infrastructure development No scholarly materials consulted
		 Extensive range of references consulted, including good use of 	 critical analysis A reasonably wide range of references consulted, including good 	 Barely sufficient use of scholarly materials 	 Very limited use of scholarly materials 	 Poor quality structure and presentation

scholarly materials to support all key arguments made	use of scholarly materials to support all key arguments made			
 Very well organized; coherent arguments presented with a high standard of expression 	 Well organized; coherent arguments presented with a high standard of expression 	 Reasonable standard of expression; average quality in terms of organization and coherence 	 Acceptable organization of a mostly descriptive essay 	

Part III Other Information (more details can be provided separately in the teaching plan)

1. Keyword Syllabus

As this is intended as an umbrella course, it has no fixed syllabus of its own. The syllabus of each intensive seminar offered under this course will be decided by the visiting staff and/or the programme leader and outlined in the course manual. For record purposes, the keyword syllabus of every intensive course will be included in an Appendix-A to this Form, while the course outline and recommended readings will be included in future Appendix.

2. Reading List

2.1 Compulsory Readings

(Compulsory readings can include books, book chapters, or journal/magazine articles. There are also collections of e-books, e-journals available from the CityU Library.)

- Alchian, A.A. & Demsetz, H., 1972, "Production, Information Costs, and Economic Organization," *The American Economic Review*, vol. 62, no. 5, pp. 777-795.
- Bordie, R., S. Wilson a & J. Kuang, "The Importance, Development and Reform Challenges of China' Rail Sector," in L. Song, R. Garnaut & C. Fang (Eds), Deepening Reform for China's Long –term Growth and Development, Canberra: ANU Press, 2014.
- Campos, J., & P. Cantos, 1999, "Rail Transport Regulation," The World Bank Group Working Paper, pp.4-18 (http://info.worldbank.org/etools/docs/library/64576/2064rail.pdf).
- Coase, R. H., 1959, "The Federal Communications Commission," *Journal of Law and Economics*, vol. 2, pp. 1-40.
- Demsetz, H., 2002, "Towards a Theory of Property Rights," *American Economic Review*, vol. 57, issue 2, pp.653-672.
- Li, H. & Rozelle, S., 2004, "Insider privatization with a tail: the screening contract and performance of privatized firms in rural China," *Journal of Development Economics*, vol. 75, no. 1, pp. 1-26.
- Naughton, B., 2010, "China's Distinctive System: can it be a model for others?" *Journal of Contemporary China*, vol. 19, no. 65, pp. 437-460.
- Tjia, Linda Yin-nor, 2015, Explaining Railway Reform in China: A train of property rights rearrangements, London: Routledge.

2.2 Additional Readings

(Additional references for students to learn to expand their knowledge about the subject.)

- Button, K.J. 1994, "Privatisation and deregulation: its implications for negative transport externalities," *The annals of regional science: an international journal of urban, regional and environmental research and policy; official journal of the Western Regional Science Association*, vol. 28, no. 1, pp. 125-138.
- Kopicki, R., & Louis S. Thompson, 1995, "Best Methods of Railway Restructuring and Privatization," World Bank CFS Discussion paper Series, pp. 1-17, 19-39 (http://siteresources.worldbank.org/INTRAILWAYS/Resources/b35.pdf).
- Naughton, B., 2005, "SASAC Rising," China Leadership Monitor, no. 14, pp. 1-11.
- Naughton, B., 2013, "The Return of Planning in China," *Modern China*, vol. 39, no. 6, pp. 640-652. OECD, 2003, Railway Reform in China promoting competition, OECD report.