# City University of Hong Kong Course Syllabus

# offered by Department of Public Policy with effect from Semester A 2017/18

Part I Course Over	view
Course Title:	Policy Processes and Analysis
Course Code:	POL5601A
Course Duration:	One Semester
Credit Units:	2
Level:	P5
Medium of Instruction:	English
Medium of Assessment:	English
Prerequisites: (Course Code and Title)	Nil
Precursors: (Course Code and Title)	Nil
<b>Equivalent Courses</b> : (Course Code and Title)	Nil
Exclusive Courses:	N;:I

#### Part II Course Details

### 1. Abstract

- examine major theories of policy process, models of policy making, and forms of policy analysis;
- enable students to engage with the complexity and dynamics of public and social policy;
- discover how new ideas shape public policies; implementation;
- apply the theories and models of policy making to the analysis policy cases in Hong Kong; and
- evaluate policy alternatives, both prospectively and retrospectively.

### 2. Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)

(CILOs state what the student is expected to be able to do at the end of the course according to a given standard of performance.)

No.	CILOs	Weighting (if applicable)	Discovery-enriched curriculum related learning outcomes (please tick where appropriate)			
			A1	A2	A3	
1.	Examine the meaning of public policy and its relevance.			√		
2.	Discover why some ideas/issues succeed in reaching the policy agenda while others fail		$\sqrt{}$			
3.	Analyse the different models (normative and empirical) of decision-making			1	1	
4.	Apply the theories and models of policy-making to analyse the agenda-setting and policy process in Hong Kong, evaluate the quality of decision-making, and give recommendations for improvement			√ 	V	
5.	Appraise and apply the different steps of policy analysis: problem identification, forecast and planning, and assess the effectiveness of different techniques used by policy analysts, such as comparative studies, scenario writing, the Delphi technique and cost-benefit analysis.		V	V	V	
6.	Evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of 'top-down' and 'bottom-up' approaches of policy implementation; and analyse the various forms of policy evaluation, reflect on the values and pre-dispositions of the evaluators, and assess the intended and unintended consequences.		V	V	V	
		100%				

### A1: Attitude

Develop an attitude of discovery/innovation/creativity, as demonstrated by students possessing a strong sense of curiosity, asking questions actively, challenging assumptions or engaging in inquiry together with teachers.

# A2: Ability

Develop the ability/skill needed to discover/innovate/create, as demonstrated by students possessing critical thinking skills to assess ideas, acquiring research skills, synthesizing knowledge across disciplines or applying academic knowledge to self-life problems.

## A3: Accomplishments

Demonstrate accomplishment of discovery/innovation/creativity through producing /constructing creative works/new artefacts, effective solutions to real-life problems or new processes.

# **3.**

**Teaching and Learning Activities (TLAs)** (TLAs designed to facilitate students' achievement of the CILOs.)

TLA	Brief Description	CIL	CILO No.				Hours/week	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	(if applicable)
Readings	Students are expected to read the essential reading before the lectures.				1		1	
Lectures	Students will acquire knowledge of key concepts and theoretical knowledge to analyse empirical cases.	1	√ 	1		<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	
Class discussion	Students will develop their critical thinking and apply the theoretical knowledge to analyse Hong Kong cases		V	V	V	V	V	
Blackboard	On-line availability of lecture materials.	$\sqrt{}$	V	1	1	1	1	
Problem-based investigation	Develop ideas, and use policy advocacy, to produce of a policy memorandum on a specific issue		$\sqrt{}$		1	1		
Policy case study	Group discussion on a specific policy issue and presentation of the results in class		$\sqrt{}$		1	1		
Essay-writing	Students have to submit two papers: an individual paper on policy advocacy and a group paper on a Hong Kong issue.	1	V	1	<b>√</b>	1	V	

# 4. Assessment Tasks/Activities (ATs)

(ATs are designed to assess how well the students achieve the CILOs.)

Assessment Tasks/Activities	CII	LO N	o.				Weighting	Remarks	
	1	2	3	4	5	6			
Continuous Assessment: 50%								•	
Class participation	V	1	1	1	V	V	10%	Participation in class discussion helps students to clarify the key concepts and ideas delivered in lectures	
Individual Policy Memorandum approximately 2,000 words		V	V	√	1		25%	The paper on Policy memorandum enables students to develop new ideas about specific issues and to provide an opportunity to develop advocacy skills.	
Group Project: Presentation		V	1	V	V	1	15%	The group presentation and report helps students to develop new ideas about a policy issue and to apply them to Hong Kong cases	
End-of-course examination (all) – 3 hours	1	V	V	V	V	V	50%	Closed book examination. The examination tests students' knowledge about key concepts and command of the subject, their level of understanding and abilities to apply the concepts to analyse Hong Kong public policies.	
Examination: 50% (duration: 3 h	ours,	if ap	plica	ble)					

100%

# 5. Assessment Rubrics

(Grading of student achievements is based on student performance in assessment tasks/activities with the following rubrics.)

Assessment Task	Criterion	Excellent	Good	Fair	Marginal	Failure
		(A+, A, A-)	(B+, B, B-)	(C+, C, C-)	(D)	(F)
1.		An excellent standard	A generally good	A rudimentary	Poor knowledge and	Almost no knowledge
		of knowledge and	standard of knowledge	knowledge and	understanding of the	or understanding of the
		understanding of the	and understanding of	understanding of the	key public policy	key public policy
		key public policy	the key public policy	key public policy	models and techniques	models and techniques
		models and techniques	models and techniques	models and techniques	of policy analysis.	of policy analysis and
		of policy analysis and	of policy analysis and	of policy analysis and	Very little ability to	no ability to relate
		a well-developed	a sound ability to relate	a weak ability to relate	relate these critically to	these critically to local
		ability to relate these	these critically to both	these critically to local	local and international	and international
		critically to both local	local and international	and international	contexts. A limited	contexts. Unable to
		and international	contexts. A sound	contexts. A weak	capacity to analyse or	analyse specific policy
		contexts. A strong	capacity to identify	capacity to identify	identify specific policy	issues in Hong Kong
		capacity to identify	and analyse and	and analyse specific	issues in Hong Kong	or to understand the
		and analyse specific	identify specific policy	policy issues in Hong	and little	importance of
		policy issues in Hong	issues in Hong Kong	Kong and to	understanding of the	agenda-setting and of
		Kong and to	and some	understand the	importance of	the policy process in
		understand the	understanding of the	importance of	agenda-setting and of	determining their
		importance of	importance of	agenda-setting and of	the policy process in	successful resolution.
		agenda-setting and of	agenda-setting and of	the policy process in	determining their	Almost no ability to
		the policy process in	the policy process in	determining their	successful resolution.	argue for the adoption
		determining their	determining their	successful resolution.	Little demonstration of	of particular policy
		successful resolution.	successful resolution.	A weak ability to argue	a critical ability to	positions or to
		A strong critical ability	A good critical ability	for the adoption of	argue for the adoption	understand the
		to argue for the	to argue for the	particular policy	of particular policy	dynamics of successful
		adoption of particular	adoption of particular	positions or to	positions and poor	policy argument.
		policy positions and a	policy positions and	understand the	understanding of the	Inadequate research,
		clear understanding of	some understanding of	dynamics of successful	dynamics of successful	writing, team-work
		the dynamics of	the dynamics of	policy argument.	policy argument.	and/or communication
		successful policy	successful policy	Research, writing,	Underdeveloped	skills
		argument. Very strong	argument. Generally	team-work and	research, writing,	
		research, writing,	competent research,	communication skills	team-work and	
		team-work and	writing, team-work	present but at	communication skills.	
		communication skills.	and communication	minimum standards.		
			skills.			

### Part III Other Information (more details can be provided separately in the teaching plan)

# 1. Keyword Syllabus

(An indication of the key topics of the course.)

Public policy; agendas-setting; policy advice; policy argument; advocacy; policy process; policy models; rationality; incrementalism, Kingdon's three streams of politics, process and policy, mixed-scanning, policy analysis; problem identification; forecasting; cost/benefit analysis; Delphi technique, policy implementation; policy evaluation

### 2. Reading List

#### 2.1 Compulsory Readings

(Compulsory readings can include books, book chapters, or journal/magazine articles. There are also collections of e-books, e-journals available from the CityU Library.)

### Text(s):

- 1. Anderson, J. E. (2003) Public Policy Making: An Introduction, Boston: Houghton Mifflin.
- 2. Burns, J.P. (2004) 'The Policy Process in the HKSAR', in A. Nakamura (ed.) *Public Reform, Policy Change and New Public Management*, Tokyo: EROPA, 57-75.
- 3. Hill, M. (1997) *The Policy Process in the Modern State*, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition. Brighton: Wheatsheaf.
- 4. Hill, M. (2002) *Implementing Public Policy: Governance in theory and Practice*, London: Sage.
- 5. Kingdon, J.W. (1995) *Agendas, Alternatives and Public Policies*, New York: Harper Collins, 1995.
- 6. Scott, I. (2005) 'Policy Process', in I. Scott, *Public Administration in Hong Kong: Regime Change and its Impact on the Public Sector*. Singapore: Marshall Cavendish, 195-226.
- 7. Stone, D. (1989) 'Causal Stories and the Formation of Policy Agendas' *Political Science Quarterly*, 104, 2, 281-300.
- 8. Weimer, D.L. and Vining, A.R. (1999) *Policy Analysis: Concepts and Practice*, Englewood Cliffs: Prentice Hall.

# Online Resources:

http://www.gov.hk

### 2.2 Additional Readings

(Additional references for students to learn to expand their knowledge about the subject.)