City University of Hong Kong Course Syllabus

offered by Department of Public Policy with effect from Semester A 2017-18

Part I Course Over	view
Course Title:	Values and Choice in Public and Social Policy
Course Code:	POL5401
Course Duration:	One Semester
Credit Units:	3
Level:	P5
Medium of Instruction:	English
Medium of Assessment:	English
Prerequisites: (Course Code and Title)	Nil
Precursors: (Course Code and Title)	Nil
Equivalent Courses : (Course Code and Title)	Nil
Exclusive Courses:	N;i

Part II Course Details

1. Abstract

This course aims to

- examine the rationale and the context of the study of public policy;
- analyse the relationship between the state, society and public policy;
- assess policy capacity in Hong Kong;
- discuss the concept of globalization and its consequences on public policy;
- develop ideas about the relationship between values and the normative basis of public policy;
- examine, compare and evaluate different moral principles and ethical theories shaping public policy;
- enable students to develop their ideas about the moral basis of public policy making in Hong Kong.

2. Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)

(CILOs state what the student is expected to be able to do at the end of the course according to a given standard of performance.)

No.	CILOs	Weighting (if		ery-eni lum re	
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		applicable)		g outco	
				tick	wnere
			approp	1	1
			A1	A2	A3
1.	detect the scope, the rationale and the functions of public policy		$\sqrt{}$		
	and policy analysis, and define the concept of rationality as used				
	in public policy-making				
2.	examine the major theories of the state: liberalism, socialism,		$\sqrt{}$		
	communitarianism, perfectionism, pluralism, corporatism,				
	elitism, Marxism, institutionalism (historical and rational choice),				
	and public choice; and analyse the relationship between the state,				
	society and its implications for public policy				
3.	assess the implications of globalization for public policy in the				
	areas of immigration, citizenship, and multiculturalism				
4.	analyse the normative basis of public policy				
5.	examine and compare the major moral principles and ethical				
	theories shaping public policy				
6.	apply these moral principles and ethical theories to analyse and				
	assess public policy in Hong Kong				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	100%		•	

A1: Attitude

Develop an attitude of discovery/innovation/creativity, as demonstrated by students possessing a strong sense of curiosity, asking questions actively, challenging assumptions or engaging in inquiry together with teachers.

A2: Ability

Develop the ability/skill needed to discover/innovate/create, as demonstrated by students possessing critical thinking skills to assess ideas, acquiring research skills, synthesizing knowledge across disciplines or applying academic knowledge to self-life problems.

A3: Accomplishments

Demonstrate accomplishment of discovery/innovation/creativity through producing /constructing creative works/new artefacts, effective solutions to real-life problems or new processes.

Teaching and Learning Activities (TLAs) (TLAs designed to facilitate students' achievement of the CILOs.)

TLA	Brief Description	CILO No.					Hours/week	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	(if applicable)
	Lectures							
	Seminars							
	Group discussions							
	Video documentaries / Films							

4. Assessment Tasks/Activities (ATs)

(ATs are designed to assess how well the students achieve the CILOs.)

Assessment Tasks/Activities	CII	CILO No.					Weighting	Remarks
	1	2	3	4	5	6		
Continuous Assessment: 100%								
In-Class Test 1	1						40%	
Class Participation/ Group							10%	
discussions								
Attendance							10%	
In-Class Test 2							40%	
							100%	

5. Assessment Rubrics

(Grading of student achievements is based on student performance in assessment tasks/activities with the following rubrics.)

Assessment	Criterion	Excellent	Good	Fair	Marginal	Failure
Task		(A+, A, A-)	(B+, B, B-)	(C+, C, C-)	(D)	(F)
		An excellent standard of	A generally good	Rudimentary knowledge	Poor knowledge and	Almost no knowledge or
		knowledge and	standard of knowledge	and limited	very limited	understanding of the
		understanding of the	and understanding of	understanding of the	understanding of the	contexts, processes,
		contexts, processes,	the contexts, processes,	contexts, processes,	contexts, processes,	rationales and ethical
		rationales and ethical basis	rationales and ethical	rationales and ethical	rationales and ethical	basis of public policy
		of public policy	basis of public policy	basis of public policy formulation in	basis of public policy	formulation in contemporary society.
		formulation in	formulation in	contemporary society.	formulation in	Unable to relate
		contemporary society. A	contemporary society.	A weak ability to relate	contemporary society.	knowledge critically to
		strong ability to relate this	A sound ability to	this understanding to	Very little ability to	normative questions and
		understanding to	relate this	normative questions and	relate this	issues in the relationship
		normative questions and	understanding to	issues in the relationship	understanding to	between the state and the
		issues in the relationship	normative questions	between the state and the	normative questions	public and its
		between the state and the	and issues in the	public and its	and issues in the	manifestations in the
		public and its	relationship between	manifestations in the	relationship between	sphere of public
		manifestations in the	the state and the public	sphere of public policy-making. A weak	the state and the	policy-making. Almost no abilities to appraise
		sphere of public	and its manifestations	demonstration of critical	public and its	and apply key theoretical
		policy-making. Strong	in the sphere of public	abilities to appraise and	manifestations in the	public policy models and
		demonstration of critical	policy-making. A clear	apply key theoretical	sphere of public	processes to ethical
		ability to appraise and	demonstration of	public policy models and	policy-making.	issues in Hong Kong and
		apply key theoretical	critical ability to	processes to ethical	Only basic abilities to	China. A minimum
		public policy models and	appraise and apply key	issues in Hong Kong and	appraise and apply	standard of
		processes to ethical issues	theoretical public	China. A basic	key theoretical public	understanding and
		in Hong Kong and China.	policy models and	standard of	policy models and	unable to discuss and
		High standards of	processes to ethical	understanding and of abilities to discuss and	processes to ethical	debate critical issues as they relate both to
		understanding and of	issues in Hong Kong	debate critical issues as	issues in Hong Kong	general ethical principles
		abilities to discuss and	and China. A good	they relate both to	and China. Little	and practices underlying
		debate those issues as they	standard of	general ethical principles	demonstration of	public policy-making
		relate both to general	understanding and of	and practices underlying	understanding and of	and to particular
		ethical principles and	abilities to discuss and	public policy-making	abilities to discuss and	developments occurring
		practices underlying	debate critical issues as	and to particular	debate critical issues	in Hong Kong and
		public policy-making and	they relate both to	developments occurring	as they relate both to	China. Inadequate
		to particular	general ethical	in Hong Kong and	general ethical	research, writing,
		developments occurring in	principles and practices	China. Research, writing,	principles and	team-work and/or
		Hong Kong and China.	underlying public	team-work and	practices underlying	communication skills.

Very strong research, writing, team-work and communication skills.	policy-making and to particular developments occurring in Hong Kong and China. Generally competent research, writing, team-work and communication skills.	communication skills present but at minimum standards.	public policy-making and to particular developments occurring in Hong Kong and China. Underdeveloped research, writing, team-work and	
	communication skins.		communication skills.	

Part III Other Information (more details can be provided separately in the teaching plan)

1. Keyword Syllabus

(An indication of the key topics of the course.)

Public policy; democracy; welfare state; liberalism; pluralism; corporatism; elitism, Marxism; institutionalism; public choice; immigration; citizenship; multiculturalism; civic virtue; civic education; perfectionism, ; globalization; utilitarianism; human rights; state neutrality, social justice; feminism and gender equality; communitarianism; common good; Confucianism; virtue ethics; nationalism.

2. Reading List

2.1 Compulsory Readings

(Compulsory readings can include books, book chapters, or journal/magazine articles. There are also collections of e-books, e-journals available from the CityU Library.)

- 1. John Rawls, *A Theory of Justice* (Cambridge, Harvard University Press, 1999)
- 2. Joh Rawls, *Political Liberalism* (New York: Columbia University Press, 1993)
- 3. Robert Nozick, Anarchy, State, and Utopia (New York: Basic Books, 1974)
- 4. Michael Wazler, Spheres of Justice (New York: Basic Books, 1993)
- 5. Amy Gutmann and Denise Thompson, *Democracy and Disagreement* (Cambridge: Harvard University Press, 1996)
- 6. Harry Frankfurt, *On Inequality* (Princeton: Princeton University Press, 2015)
- 7. Elizabeth Anderson, "What is the Point of Equality?" Ethics 109:2 (1999), pp. 287-337
- 8. Joseph Carens, *The Ethics of Immigration* (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2013)
- 9. David Miller, *Strangers in Our Midst: The Political Philosophy of Immigration* (Cambridge: Harvard University Press, 2016)
- 10. Will Kymlicka, Multicultural Citizenship (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1995)
- 11. Daniel A. Bell, *Beyond Liberal Democracy* (Princeton: Princeton University Press, 2006)
- 12. Ruiping Fan, Reconstructionist Confucianism: Rethinking Morality after the West (Dordrecht: Springer, 2010)

Online Resources:

http://www.gov.hk

2.2 Additional Readings

(Additional references for students to learn to expand their knowledge about the subject.)