# City University of Hong Kong Course Syllabus

# offered by Department of Public Policy with effect from Semester B 2017/18

Part I Course Overv	view
Course Title:	Managing Organizations and People
Course Code:	POL5301A
Course Duration:	One Semester
Credit Units:	2
Level:	P5
Medium of Instruction:	English
Medium of Assessment:	English
Prerequisites: (Course Code and Title)	Nil
Precursors: (Course Code and Title)	Nil
<b>Equivalent Courses</b> : (Course Code and Title)	Nil
Exclusive Courses: (Course Code and Title)	Nil

### Part II Course Details

### 1. Abstract

This course aims to critically engage students with contemporary issues and developments in human resource management (HRM) and organisational behaviour (OB). Adopting a rigorous multi-disciplinary and cross-cultural approach the course will require students to discover, analyse and contribute to providing creative solutions for specific HRM and OB issues related to Hong Kong and mainland China.

## 2. Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)

(CILOs state what the student is expected to be able to do at the end of the course according to a given standard of performance.)

No.	CILOs	Weighting (if applicable)	Discovery-enriched curriculum related learning outcomes (please tick where appropriate)		
			A1	A2	A3
1.	Become acquainted with main theories, arguments, concepts, and issues in HRM and OB.				
2.	Evaluate critically the extent to which key HRM and OB theories can be applied to the contexts of Hong Kong and mainland China.		<b>V</b>	V	1
3.	Discover, analyse and contribute to developing creative solutions for specific HRM and OB issues in Hong Kong and mainland China.		<b>V</b>	V	1
4.	Collaborate with peers to prepare, conduct and critique group research on a cutting-edge topic traversing the HRM and OB disciplines.		V	V	V
5.	Critically reflect on their own organisational engagement with HRM practice		1	1	1
		100%			

### A1: Attitude

Develop an attitude of discovery/innovation/creativity, as demonstrated by students possessing a strong sense of curiosity, asking questions actively, challenging assumptions or engaging in inquiry together with teachers.

### A2: Ability

Develop the ability/skill needed to discover/innovate/create, as demonstrated by students possessing critical thinking skills to assess ideas, acquiring research skills, synthesizing knowledge across disciplines or applying academic knowledge to self-life problems.

### A3: Accomplishments

Demonstrate accomplishment of discovery/innovation/creativity through producing /constructing creative works/new artefacts, effective solutions to real-life problems or new processes.

**Teaching and Learning Activities (TLAs)** (TLAs designed to facilitate students' achievement of the CILOs.)

TLA	Brief Description	CILO No.					Hours/week (if applicable)	
		1	2	3	4	5		
Workshops	Presentation of theories, concepts and ideas based on academic literature and/or case studies (including course readings).  Course lecturer responds to questions raised by students attending the workshops and facilitates discussion and class exercises.	V	V	V		1	20 hours in total	
Canvas	PowerPoint slides to support workshops posted for students to download.	V		$\sqrt{}$		V	N/A	
Independent reading	Readings contained in the course outline to be read by every student.	√ 	V	V	V	V	This will vary from student to student: average: 4-5 hours per week	
Group presentations	Students will  work as a member of a small group / team to develop answers / perspectives on assigned projects imbued with sufficient flexibility to facilitate creative student adaptation;  locate relevant information; evaluate, organize & synthesize materials; present ideas to the class in a clear, concise; and stimulating way; engage with classmates in answering questions and discussing presentation topics.	V	V	V	V		6 hours allocated for presentations (excluding preparation)	

**4.** Assessment Tasks/Activities (ATs)
(ATs are designed to assess how well the students achieve the CILOs.)

Assessment Tasks/Activities	CII	LO N	o.			Weighting	Remarks		
		1 2 3 4 5							
Continuous Assessment: 60%									
Group presentation and term paper	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \			20%	Students have to construct the main ideas of their creatively tailored research topic and answer questions raised in class. The lecturer will comment on the strengths and weaknesses of the students' presentations helping them to re-organize their arguments and give suggestions for improvement in writing-up the term paper. The term paper has to be appropriately referenced.		
Reflective reports	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	√		7	40%	These reports are designed for students to demonstrate their critical-reflective knowledge about the theories, ideas, and concepts covered in the workshops, assigned readings, and presentation discussions. These reports have to be appropriately referenced.		
End-of-course examination  Examination: 40% (duration:2 ho	V	√ if any	lical		V	40%	2 hour closed book examination designed for students to comprehensively demonstrate their knowledge of HRM and OB developed through all teaching and learning activities of this course.		

100%

# 5. Assessment Rubrics

(Grading of student achievements is based on student performance in assessment tasks/activities with the following rubrics.)

Assessment Task	Criterion	Excellent	Good	Fair	Marginal	Failure
		(A+, A, A-)	(B+, B, B-)	(C+, C, C-)	(D)	(F)
Group Presentation		A+: High standard of	B+: Fairly standard of	C+: Rudimentary	Poor standard of being	Almost no standard of
and Term Papers		being able to recall	being able to recall	standard of being able	able to recall define,	being able to recall
uno rom ruporo		define, explain and	define, explain and	to recall define,	explain and relate key	define, explain and
		relate key concepts	relate key concepts	explain and relate key	concepts derived from	relate key concepts
Reflective Reports		derived from the HRM	derived from the HRM	concepts derived from	the HRM and OB	derived from the HRM
Kenecuve Kepons		and OB disciplines.	and OB disciplines.	the HRM and OB	disciplines.	and OB disciplines.
		_	_	disciplines.	Very little innovative	No innovative ideas
		A: Highly innovative	B: Fairly innovative	_	ideas and critical	and critical attitude in
End-of-course		ideas and critical	ideas and critical	C: Little innovative	attitude in discovering,	discovering, analysing
Examination		attitude in discovering,	attitude in discovering,	ideas and critical	analysing and	and contributing to the
		analysing and	analysing and	attitude in discovering,	contributing to the	development of
		contributing to the	contributing to the	analysing and	development of	creative solutions for
		development of	development of	contributing to the	creative solutions for	specific HRM and OB
		creative solutions for	creative solutions for	development of	specific HRM and OB	issues in Hong Kong
		specific HRM and OB	specific HRM and OB	creative solutions for	issues in Hong Kong	and mainland China.
		issues in Hong Kong	issues in Hong Kong	specific HRM and OB	and mainland China.	Almost no
		and mainland China.	and mainland China.	issues in Hong Kong	Very little	demonstration of
				and mainland China.	demonstration of	cross-disciplinary,
		A-: Strong	B-: Fairly good		cross-disciplinary,	comparative and
		demonstration of	demonstration of	C-: Weak	comparative and	cultural awareness of
		cross-disciplinary,	cross-disciplinary,	demonstration of	cultural awareness of	the foundational
		comparative and	comparative and	cross-disciplinary,	the foundational	knowledge of
		cultural awareness of	cultural awareness of	comparative and	knowledge of	contemporary HRM
		the foundational	the foundational	cultural awareness of	contemporary HRM	and OB issues.
		knowledge of	knowledge of	the foundational	and OB issues.	Very inadequate
		contemporary HRM	contemporary HRM	knowledge of	Weak research and	research and
		and OB issues	and OB issues	contemporary HRM	communication skills	communication skills
		Excellent research and	Good research and	and OB issues.	to organize and	to organize and
		communication skills	communication skills	Basic research and	generate new	generate new
		to organize and	to organize and	communication skills	perspectives orally and	perspectives orally and
		generate new	generate new	to organize and	in written papers.	in written papers.
		perspectives orally and	perspectives orally and	generate new		
		in written papers.	in written papers.	perspectives orally and		
				in written papers.		

## Part III Other Information (more details can be provided separately in the teaching plan)

# 1. Keyword Syllabus

(An indication of the key topics of the course.)

The development of Human Resources Management (HRM), HRM in the public and private sectors, the organisational, environmental and institutional environment of HRM, management and professionalism, organizational culture and change; employee motivation;, public sector performance management; the producer-user interface in a Chinese context; customer-orientated bureaucracy; employee voice; the learning and development of employees.

# 2. Reading List

## 2.1 Compulsory Readings

(Compulsory readings can include books, book chapters, or journal/magazine articles. There are also collections of e-books, e-journals available from the CityU Library.)

- 1. Balogun, J. and Hope-Hailey, V. (2004) Exploring strategic change, London: Prentice Hall
- 2. Beardwell J. and Clayton, T. (2007) Human Resource Management A contemporary approach, London: Prentice Hall
- 3. Boxall, P., Purcell, J. and Wright, P. (2007) *Oxford Handbook of Human Resource Management*, Oxford: Oxford University Press;
- 4. Bond, M. (ed) (2010) *The Oxford handbook of Chinese psychology*, Oxford: Oxford University Press
- 5. Cutler, T. and Waine, B. (1997) *Managing the Welfare State: Text and Sourcebook*, Oxford: Berg
- 6. DiMaggio, P. and Powell W. (1983) The Iron Cage Revisited: Institutional Isomorphism and Collective Rationality in Organizational Fields *American Sociological Review*, 48, 2 pp. 147-160
- 7. Muller-Camen, M., Croucher, R. and Leigh, S. (eds.) *Human Resource Management: A Case Study Approach*, London: Chartered Institute for Personnel and Development
- 8. Mullins, L. (2010) *Management and Organisational Behaviour*, Harlow: Financial Times, Prentice Hall
- 9. Scott, I. (2010) The Public Sector in Hong Kong, London: Eurospan
- 10. Senior, B. and Fleming, J. (2006) Organizational Change 3rd ed, London: Financial Times
- 11. Tsui A. and Lai. K (2009) Professional practices of human resource management in Hong Kong: linking HRM to organizational success, Hong Kong: Hong Kong University Press,

### 2.2 Additional Readings

(Additional references for students to learn to expand their knowledge about the subject.)