

## AAV Mediated BDNF Expression Rescues Retinal Ganglion Cells and Visual Function in Rodent Models of Elevated Intraocular Pressure

**Professor Shigang He**

School of Biomedical Engineering / Institute of Natural Sciences  
Shanghai Jiao Tong University, China

**Date: 23 October 2014  
(Thursday)**

**Time: 2:00–3:00 pm**

**Venue: B5-308,  
Blue Zone,  
5/F Academic 1,  
City University of  
Hong Kong,  
Kowloon Tong**

### Abstract

In a recent study, we showed that the retinal ganglion cells (RGCs) and visual functions measured by visual evoked potential and behaviorally measured visual acuity and contrast sensitivity can be rescued up to 70 weeks by using an AAV vector to express BDNF in the retina. Now, we performed gene therapy in two rodent models of chronic glaucoma at different stages of progression. We showed that if the treatment was performed early, visual functions could be fully restored without taking measures to reduce intraocular pressure. However, if the treatment was delayed, only progression of vision loss could be stopped. These results showed that BDNF is potent in rescuing retinal ganglion cells and visual functions.

### About the Speaker

#### Education and Training:

- 1997–1999 Research Officer, Vision, Touch and Hearing Research Center, University of Queensland, Brisbane, Australia
- 1994–1997 Research Associate/Research Fellow, HHMI/Harvard Medical School, USA
- 1990–1994 Ph.D., John Curtin School of Medical Research, Australian National University, Canberra, Australia
- 1981–1985 B.S., Department of Biology, East China Normal University, Shanghai, China

#### Working Experience:

- 1999–2004 Investigator, Institute of Neuroscience, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Shanghai, China
- 2004–2011 Investigator, Institute of Biophysics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing, China
- 2012– Professor, School of Biomedical Engineering/Institute of Natural Sciences, Shanghai Jiao Tong University, Shanghai, China

#### Research Interests:

Form, function, development and diseases of mammalian retinal ganglion cells.

Contact:  
Professor Jufang He  
Tel 3442-7042  
Email jufanghe@cityu.edu.hk

**All are welcome**