

Asymptotic Behavior of Semilinear Heat Equations with Critical Sobolev Exponent

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In this paper we concern with the asymptotic behavior of global solutions of semilinear heat equations of the following form:

$$u_t = \Delta u + u^p \quad (x, t) \in \Omega \times (0, T)$$

$$u(x, t) = 0 \quad (x, t) \in \partial \Omega \times (0, T), \quad u(x, 0) = u_0,$$

where Ω is a bounded domain in R^N ($N \geq 3$) and $p = 2^* - 1 = \frac{N+2}{N-2}$, 2^* is the critical Sobolev exponent. We use the concentration compactness principle to describe exactly the asymptotic profile of unbounded, global solution which was first obtained by Ni, Sacks and Tavantzis if $\Omega = \text{ball}$ and $u_0(x) = u_0(|x|)$.