

Social Sciences Citation Index

Social Sciences Citation Index provides access to current and retrospective bibliographic information, author abstracts, and cited references found in over 1,700 of the world's leading scholarly social sciences journals covering more than 50 disciplines. It also covers individually selected, relevant items from approximately 3,300 of the world's leading science and technology journals.

Access Social Sciences Citation Index

1. At the Library Homepage (<http://www.cityu.edu.hk/lib/>), select **E-Resources**.
2. Select **Databases: Title List**.
3. Select **Social Sciences Citation Index** or **Web of Science** from the alphabetical list of databases.

Search

Search

Search for articles by topic, title, author, journal, or author address.

The screenshot shows the 'Web of Science' search page. It features a navigation bar with 'Search', 'Cited Reference Search', 'Structure Search', 'Advanced Search', 'Search History', and 'Marked List (0)'. The main search area has three input fields for 'Search for:' with dropdown menus for 'Topic', 'Author', and 'Publication Name'. Each field has an 'AND' button to the left. Below the fields are 'Search' and 'Clear' buttons. A 'Current Limits' section is visible at the bottom, with a 'Change Limits and Settings' link highlighted in red. A callout box provides details on the current limits, including 'Timespan' (All Years, 1900-1914 to 2008) and 'Citation Databases' (Social Sciences Citation Index (SSCI) selected).

1. Enter search term(s) to find articles. (Points to the search input fields)

2. Click to add more search fields, if desired. (Points to the 'Add Another Field >>' link)

3. Click to limit the search to specific time range and/or selected databases, if desired. (Points to the 'Change Limits and Settings' link)

4. Click to start search. (Points to the 'Search' button)

Marked List
Click to access the marked items.

Search History
All successful searches are added to the Search History table.

Select the desired search field(s).

Use the *Author Index* to find papers published by an author, if desired.

Use the *Publication Name Index* to specify the search within the selected journal(s), if desired.

The database year refers to the year that an article's information was entered into the database and not necessarily when the article was published.

Select Social Sciences Citation Index.

Search Tips:

1. Enter information in one or more search fields:
 - **TOPIC** – Enter a word or phrase that might appear in the article title, abstract, or keyword list.
 - ✧ The following operators can be used to combine words or phrases:

Operator	Example	Find records that contain ...
AND	serotonin <i>and</i> schizophrenia <i>and</i> dopamine	all three words.

OR	aids or hiv or acquired immune deficiency syndrome or human immunodeficiency virus	any one of these terms.
NOT	coma <i>not</i> brain injury	the word <i>coma</i> but not the phrase <i>brain injury</i> .
SAME	cellulose <i>same</i> wood	<i>wood cellulose, cellulose from wood, wood-based cellulose</i> , etc. (Find words/phrases appear in the same sentence)

- ✧ Use quotation marks to look for an exact phrase.
- ✧ Wildcard characters can be used to search for variants of words:

Symbol	Function	Example
*	represents zero or multiple characters	enter chem* to search for <i>chemistry, chemical, chemist, chemists</i> ; enter sul*ur to search for <i>sulphur</i> or <i>sulfur</i>
\$	replace one or zero characters	enter colo\$r to search for <i>colour</i> or <i>color</i>
?	replace one character	enter epistas?s to search for <i>epistasis</i> or <i>epistases</i>

- **TITLE** – Enter search terms to limit your search to article titles.
- **AUTHOR** – Enter an author/editor name with the last name first, followed by a space and up to 5 initials; or add names from the Author Index.
- ✧ Wildcard characters can be used to search for variants of author names:

Symbol	Example	Finds ...
*	smith	all authors/editors with the surname <i>Smith</i> (including records where <i>Smith</i> appears without any initials)
	smith *	<i>Smith A, Smith AB, Smith RN</i> , etc. (<i>Smith</i> plus any initials)
	smith d*	<i>Smith D, Smith DA, Smith DCR</i> , etc.
	smith da*	<i>Smith DA, Smith DAR, Smith DAH</i> , etc.
\$	hof\$man\$	<i>Hofman, Hofmann, Hoffman</i> or <i>Hoffmann</i>
?	bens?n	<i>Benson</i> or <i>Bensen</i>

- ✧ Use operators **AND**, **OR**, **NOT** to combine multiple authors.
- ✧ Enter search strings that take account of all possible variations of the data, e.g., enter **O'HARA K OR OHARA K** to search for articles authored by *K. O'Hara*, enter **DE LA ROSA M OR DELAROSA M** to search for articles authored by *M. de la Rosa*.

- **GROUP AUTHOR** – A group author is an organization or institution that is credited with authorship of an article by the source publication. Use the Group Author Index to look up group author names to add to the search.
- **PUBLICATION NAME** – Enter a full journal title, or use the Publication Name Index to look up publication names to add to the search.
- **YEAR PUBLISHED** – Enter a 4-digit year or a range of years, e.g., 1997, 1997 or 1998, 1997-2000. When entering a range of years, restrict your search to 5 years or less.
- **ADDRESS** – Enter address terms such as the name of an institution, a city, a country, or a postal code.
 - ✧ Institution and place names are frequently abbreviated. Click view abbreviations list for a list of address abbreviations, e.g., enter **CITY UNIV HONG KONG** to search for *City University of Hong Kong* in an address.
 - ✧ The Address field includes the address of every author of a given article, use the “SAME” operator to search for two or more words that appear within the same address, e.g., enter **UNIV CALIF SAME OAKLAND** to search for articles in which *University of California* and *Oakland* appear in the same address.

2. Select language(s) and/or document type(s), if desired. (You can select multiple items by pressing the <Ctrl> key and clicking on any additional items at the same time.)

Cited Reference Search

Search for articles that have cited (included in their reference list) a previously published work.

1. Enter the last name of the cited author, follow with a space and up to 3 initials.

2. Click to limit the search to specific time range and/or selected databases, if desired.

3. Click to start search.

Search History
All successful searches are added to the Search History table.

Use the Cited Author Index
to look up the names of cited author(s).

Use the Cited Work List
to look up abbreviations.

Select Social Sciences Citation Index.

The database year refers to the year that an article's information was entered into the database and not necessarily when the article was published.

Search Tips:

1. Enter information in one or more search fields:

• CITED AUTHOR

- ✧ Use the Cited Author Index to look up the names of the cited authors.
- ✧ When entering author names, note the following:
 - Enter the last name of the first listed author of the cited publication, follow the last name with a space and up to 3 initials, or only the first initial followed by an asterisk, e.g., **NAUMAN D***
 - If a citation refers to a journal article that is also a source item in *Web of Science*, you can enter the name of any of its authors. (Source articles are from journals that have been indexed in *Web of Science*. Every source article has a full record in the database. Cited references that can be expanded and have a View record link are source articles.)
 - Enter search strings that take account of all possible variations of the data, e.g., enter **O'HARA K OR OHARA K** to search for references authored by *K. O'Hara*; enter **DE LA ROSA M OR DELAROSA M** to search for references authored by *M. de la Rosa*.
 - Use the question mark (?) to represent one character and the dollar sign (\$) to represent one character or no character, e.g., enter **BENS?N** to find *Benson* or *Bensen*, enter **HOF\$MAN\$** to find *Hofman*, *Hofmann*, *Hoffman* or *Hoffmann*.
 - Use quotation marks (") around the words AND, OR, NOT when you do not intend these words to serve as operators, e.g., enter **"OR" W** to search for cited works authored by *William Or*.

• CITED WORK

- ✧ Enter an abbreviated **journal** title. Use the Cited Work List to look up abbreviations.
 - Join multiple journal titles with "OR", e.g., enter **J AM CHEM* OR J AMER CHEM* OR JACS*** to look up references to articles published in *Journal of the American Chemical Society*.
 - Use wildcard character to truncate a journal title, e.g., enter **SURF* COAT* TECHNOL*** to look up references to articles published in the journal *Surface & Coatings Technology*.

- ❖ Enter **book** titles as cited works. Enter the first significant word or words of the **book** title. It is advisable to truncate the title with the truncation symbol (*) to take account of variant spelling, e.g., enter **PRIN* NEURAL SCI*** to look up references to the book *Principles of Neural Science*.
- ❖ Enter **patent** numbers as cited works. Do not specify a country code, e.g., enter 5354763 to look up references to patent number US5354763.
- **CITED YEAR** – Enter year or range of years, the cited work was published, e.g., 1994, 1994 or 1995, 1980-1985

2. When the list of cited references is displayed, ellipses [...] before an author name indicate that the person is not the first listed author. Click the checkbox(es) in front of the reference(s) to select the desired item(s), or click on the **SELECT PAGE** button to select all cited references on screen, or click on the **SELECT ALL** button to select all cited references retrieved.

Display Search Results

Results Summary

Click the checkbox(es) and then click the **Add To Marked List** button to mark individual record(s) for later printing/saving/exporting

Click on the title to view full record (see **Full Record** below)

Sort results in different order, if desired

Click to create a citation report on the results

Total no. of records found

Modify your search by entering additional search term(s), if desired

Click ► to expand the criteria lists, select from the options and click **Refine** to narrow down the search, if desired

Click to perform results analysis

Analyze Results

Select a field (Author, Country/Territory, Document Type, Institution Name, Language, Publication Year, Source Title, Subject Area) to analyze. Data values will be extracted and the system produces a report showing the values in ranked order.

Citation Report

Provides graphs and aggregate citation statistics for a set of search results:
Published items in each year, citations in each year, number of records in the set, sum of the times cited, average citations per item, and h-index.

Full Record view

Click this button to view full text of the article, if available

Click to check availability of full text via SFX

Click to see holdings information of the particular journal in our Library

Click on an author link to find articles by the same author

Print/E-mail/Export/Save this record

<< Back to results list

Record 22 of 22

Record from Web of Science®

Treatment outcomes for women with substance abuse and PTSD who have experienced complex trauma

Full Text SFX Holdings Go Print E-mail Add to Marked List Save to EndNote@Web more options

Author(s): [Cohen LR](#), [Hien DA](#)

Source: PSYCHIATRIC SERVICES Volume: 57 Issue: 1 Pages: 100-106 Published: JAN ~2006

Times Cited: 3 References: 31

Abstract: Objective: This study assessed the effect of cognitive-behavioral therapy on a range of problems associated with complex trauma in a sample of women with comorbid substance use disorders and posttraumatic stress disorder (PTSD). Methods: A total of 107 women with current or subthreshold PTSD and a current substance use disorder from an urban, low-income area were recruited from both community and clinical populations. Participants were recruited between 1997 and 2000. A quasi-experimental design was used, and participants who received cognitive-behavioral therapy (N=75) were compared with those in a control group who received no active study treatment (N=32). All participants were given the same list of community treatment resources and told that they could pursue services while participating in the study if they wished. Results: At the end of treatment (three months post-baseline), compared with participants in the control group, those in the active treatment group showed significant reductions in symptoms of PTSD and alcohol use disorders, with a trend toward reductions in symptoms of drug use disorders. No significant differences were found between the groups on depression, dissociation, and social and sexual functioning outcomes. Conclusions: These findings underscore the challenge and necessity of addressing the unique and wide-ranging needs of women with substance use disorder who have been exposed to early and multiple interpersonal traumas.

Document Type: Article

Language: English

KeyWords Plus: POSTTRAUMATIC-STRESS-DISORDER; SEXUAL ABUSE; CHILDHOOD; SCALE; VICTIMIZATION; RELIABILITY; DEPENDENCE; SAMPLES

Addresses: Cohen, LR (reprint author), Columbia Univ, Sch Social Work, 1255 Amsterdam Ave, New York, NY 10027 USA
Columbia Univ, Sch Social Work, New York, NY 10027 USA
St Lukes Roosevelt Hosp, Dept Psychiat, New York, NY 10027 USA

E-mail Addresses: lc2130@columbia.edu

Publisher: AMER PSYCHIATRIC PUBLISHING, INC, 1000 WILSON BOULEVARD, STE 1825, ARLINGTON, VA 22209-3901 USA

Subject Category: Health Policy & Services; Public, Environmental & Occupational Health; Psychiatry

IDS Number: 000NN

ISSN: 1075-2730

Cited by: 3
This article has been cited 3 times (from Web of Science).
[Schafer I, Najavits LM Clinical challenges in the treatment of patients with posttraumatic stress disorder and substance abuse CURRENT OPINION IN PSYCHIATRY 6 614-618 NOV](#)
[Najavits LM, Harned MS, Gallop RJ, et al. Six-month treatment outcomes of cocaine-dependent patients with and without PTSD in a multisite national trial. JOURNAL OF STUDIES ON ALCOHOL AND DRUGS 3 353-361 MAY](#)
[Heckman CJ, Cropsey KL, Olds-Davis T Posttraumatic stress disorder treatment in correctional settings: A brief review of the empirical literature and suggestions for future research PSYCHOTHERAPY 1 46-53 MAR](#)
[view all 3 citing articles]
[Create Citation Alert](#)

Related Records:
Find similar records based on shared references (from Web of Science).
[view related records]

References: 31
View the bibliography of this record (from Web of Science).

Additional information

- [View the journal's impact factor \(in Journal Citation Reports\)](#)

Click to display a list of articles that have cited this article

Register to receive e-mail alerts when someone cites this article

Click to display a list of articles that have at least one reference in common with this article. Articles that share the largest number of sources with this article are listed first.

Click to display the works listed in this article's reference list

Click to access **Journal Citation Reports (JCR)** where you can view the trend graph of the journal's Impact Factor for the past 5 years. In JCR, click on RETURN TO JOURNAL at the top of the screen to obtain other information and data about the journal.

Search History

Click **Search History** at the **Search** or **Cited Reference Search** page. Search sets created from previous searches are listed in reverse numerical order – the most recently created set is at the top of the table. Executed search queries can be saved and reused.

■ Performing a combine search

1. Click the **AND** or **OR** option.
2. Select the check box of each set that you want to combine.
3. Click the **Combine** button.
4. Click the link in the **Results** column to view the results of your search.

■ Saving Search History

1. In the **Search History** page, click **Save History / Create Alert**.
2. You can select to save the search history on the *ISI Web of Knowledge Server* or local drive:
 - *ISI Web of Knowledge Server* – click the **Register** link and finish the registration process; or sign in if you already have registered for a personal account in *Web of Science*.
 - *Local drive* – click **Save ...** and save the search history to your desired destination.

■ Opening Search History

1. At the *Web of Science* home page, click **My Saved Searches**.
Or click **Search History** at the **Search** or **Cited Reference Search** page, then click **Open Saved History**.
2. • Sign in to open search history saved on ISI Web of Knowledge Server.
• Click **Browse...** and locate the file containing the search history you have saved, then click **Open**.

View/Print/Save/E-mail Marked Records

Click **Marked List** at the top of the page to display the Web of Science Marked Records screen.

1. Select fields to be included in the output.
2. Select an option for output:
 - **To print**
 - i) Select a format
 - ii) Click **Format for Print** to display the selected citations
 - iii) Click **Print**.
 - **To save**
 - i) Select a format
 - ii) Click **Save to File**, then save the file to the desired destination
 - Click **Save to EndNote, RefMan, or other reference software** to export the selected records to a bibliographic management software such as *RefWorks* *
 - Click **Save to My EndNote Web** to export the selected records to your EndNote Web Library. (Registration required)
 - **To e-mail records**
 - i) Enter the e-mail address of the recipient
 - ii) Select a format for the email content
 - iii) Click **E-mail**

The screenshot shows the 'Web of Science Marked Records - 3 Articles' interface. It is divided into two main sections: 'Step 1. Select the fields to include in the output' and 'Step 2. Select an option'.

Step 1: A grid of checkboxes allows users to select fields for output. Checked fields include Author(s), Title, Source, ISSN, and Subject category. Other options like language, document type, keywords, abstract, addresses, publisher information, and IDS number are unchecked. A note states: '*Selecting these items will increase the processing time.'

Step 2: Users can choose an output format (e.g., 'Format for Print') and save options ('Save to File', 'Save to EndNote, RefMan, or other reference software', 'Save to My EndNote Web'). There are also fields for 'E-mail records to:', 'Return e-mail (optional):', and 'Notes (optional):' with a 'Plain Text' dropdown and an 'E-mail' button. A checkbox at the bottom allows for 'Automatically delete selected records from the Marked List after output is complete.'

The bottom section shows a list of three articles, sorted by 'Latest Date' (descending). The articles are:

1. Rao, U. *Links between depression and substance abuse in adolescents - Neurobiological mechanisms*. AMERICAN JOURNAL OF PREVENTIVE MEDICINE, 31 (6): S161-S174 Suppl. 1 DEC 2006
2. Marenmani, I; Perugi, G; Pacini, M; et al. *Toward a unitary perspective on the bipolar spectrum and substance abuse: Opiate addiction as a paradigm*. JOURNAL OF AFFECTIVE DISORDERS, 93 (1-3): 1-12 JUL 2006
3. Cohen, LR; Hien, DA. *Treatment outcomes for women with substance abuse and PTSD who have experienced complex trauma*. PSYCHIATRIC SERVICES, 57 (1): 100-106 JAN 2006

* For instructions on importing references from *Web of Science* into RefWorks, refer to: <http://www.cityu.edu.hk/lib/eres/refworks/import/wos.htm>

Marked records are listed in reversed date order. Select a different sort option, if desired.

Quit

Click **Log Out** at the top right hand corner.